THE WEATHER.

Fair in west, rain in east portion, Monday; Tuesday, fair and colder.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

THE HOLIDAYS.

In the columns of this paper you'll find all lines of merchandise represented—from the advertisements it will be easy to prepare your shopping list for the Holidays.

VOL. XCVII—NO. 67 WILMINGTON, N. C., MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 29, 1915 WHOLE NUMBER 39,397

SERBS ARE CLINGING ONLY TO A FRINGE OF MOUNTAIN TERRITORY

Remnants of Army of the North Continuing Stern Resistance to Invaders.

MONASTIR IS YET SAFE

Attitude of Rumania, Growing More Pro-Ally, Causing Concern to Teutons.

Fall of Gorizia to Italians is Growing More Certain.

London, Nov. 28.—The greater portion of what remains of the Serbian Northern army is believed to have crossed into the mountains of Albania and Montenegro, where the Serbs are continuing, with the aid of King Nicholas' troops, to offer stern resistance to the Austro-German and Bulgarian invaders. Like the Belgians, however, the Serbians are with only a fringe country which widens as it reaches the northwestern corner, of which Monastir is the center.

Bulgarians Halt March

For some reason the Bulgarians have halted their march on that city. It is said in some dispatches, having re-occupied part of Macedonia, largely inhabited by the fellow nationals, the Bulgarian people and government are disinclined to push any further west and on this point are in disagreement with their Austro-German allies, who are determined to drive not only the Serbians and Montenegrins, but the French and British troops, out of the Balkans.

While at the present time they have largely superior forces, the task may prove a difficult one. Winter has set in at an unusually early date and the natives predict that it will be severe. Snow fell at Saloniki Saturday for the first time in eight years. During the latter part of the week continuous storms compelled the suspension of operations, giving the French and British time to bring up reinforcements, which are being landed at Saloniki daily, and consolidate their positions.

Rumania Causes Concern

The Austro-Germans also have had to divert part of their armies down the Danube to the Rumanian border, Rumania having refused the German request for the opening of the Danube throughout its entire length to enable the Germans to send supplies to Bulgaria and Turkey. Rumania insisted that armed ships must not pass Baba on the Danube at the Rumanian-Bulgarian frontier.

With the concentration of the Russions, too, the attitude of Rumania is becoming daily more pro-ally and the Austro-Germans, having aided Bulgaria in her campaign against Serbia which is now cleared, is called upon to protect her against aggression from the east.

Russian warships, including new dreadnoughts, have again been seen off the Black Sea coast of Bulgaria, but there is no news of any landing or movement of troops.

On both the eastern and western front the artillery is doing the heaviest part of the work and it appears doubtful whether either side will attempt an offensive for the present.

Austrian Town Threatened

Italy, on the other hand, undeterred by winter, is pushing her offensive and rendering the Austrian hold on Gorizio and Roverto daily more uncertain.

The Turks have again been showing some activity in Gallipoli and claim minor successes against the Allies. However, no big action has been fought.

German anxiety over Rumania is matched by that of the allied powers with regard to Greece. Last week it was believed that all difficulties between Greece and the Allies had been surmounted but it was found necessary to send another note to Greece, the reply to which is promised Monday. The Allies now demand not only assurance of the safety of their troops but adequate railway facilities for their transport, the withdrawal of Greek troops from the vicinity of Saloniki, and the policing waters against German submarines.

100,000 SERBIANS PRISONERS OF WAR

Almost Half of Army Captured by Teutonic Allies.

GERMANS TAKE RUDNIK

Capture 2,700 Prisoners and With "Flight of the Scanty Remains" of Serbian Army Close Operations in Serbia.

Berlin, via London, Nov. 28. — With the occupation of Rudnik, the capture of 2,700 prisoners and the "fight of the scanty remains" of the Serbian army into the Albanian mountains, Germany's operations against Serbia have been brought to a close, says the official statement issued today at the headquarters of the general staff. The object of these operations—the opening of communications with Bulgaria and the Turkish empire—has been accomplished, it is asserted.

Tribute is paid not only to the bravery and endurance of the Austro-German troops, but to the Serbians as well. The claim is made that more than 100,000 prisoners, nearly fifty per cent. of the Serbian effectives, have been captured. German losses are said to have been "extremely moderate" and there were no epidemics of disease. The text of the communication follows:

Official Communication.

"Balkan Theatre—Southwest of Milrovitza, Rudnik was occupied. We took more than 2,700 prisoners and much war material.

"With the flight of the scanty remains of the Serbian artillery into the Albanian mountains, our great operations against the same are brought to a close, our object of effecting communication with Bulgaria and the Turkish Empire having been accomplished.

"The movements of the army of Field Marshal von Mackensen—The operations of the Austro-Hungarian army under General Koevess, which was reinforced by German troops, against the Drina and the Save; the operations of the army under General von Gallwitz against the Danube near Semendria and Rambasias were commenced on October 6 and the advance of the army under General Boyadjieff (Bulgarian) against the Negotin-Pierot line began October 14. The same day a second Bulgarian army under General Theodorow also commenced operations in the direction of Skopije and Veles.

Tribute to Austrians

"Since then our troops have accomplished quickly and smoothly the formidable undertaking of crossing the Danube in the face of the enemy, impeded moreover by the untimely Kossovo assault, and have captured all the enemy frontier fortresses at Belgrade, at the taking of which the Austro-Hungarian eight army corps with the

(Continued on Page Eight).

INTERNED GERMAN LEAPS TO LIBERTY

Enjoys Two Hours' Freedom Before Being Recaptured.

HOUSE IN NORFOLK

American Sentries Saw Him Leap Into Water From Interned German Cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich—Chase Followed.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 28.—By leaping overboard from the deck of the interned German cruiser Eitel Friedrich at 7:30 o'clock tonight, and swimming ocross the Elizabeth river, Ernest Schwertzer, a sailor, enjoyed two hours of freedom in Norfolk. The man was seer to leap from the ship by American sentries guarding the interned vessels. He failed to heed their command to halt and succeeded in reaching the opposite side of the river before several marines, who gave chase in a launch could reach him.

He made his way through a lumber yard and crossed the river at another point on a ferry boat until he reached the main section of the city. He was found in a house by Norfolk detectives and is locked up at police headquarters until tomorrow when he will be turned over to government authorities.

IDENTIFIES DR. KIENZLE

Statement of French Correspondent on Man Arrested in America.

Paris, Nov. 28.—The Lyons' correspondent of the Petit Parisien asserts that he has succeeded in establishing the identity of Dr. Herbert Kienzle, involved in New York on a conspiracy charge with Robert Unger. According to the correspondent Dr. Kienzle was born in Ulm, and formerly was cashier for the firm of Saencer and Buetzchler, of Lyons' now sequestered.

Unger, who is said to have been a subaltern officer in the German army, arrived at Lyons from Frankfort in July, 1913, and left the day before the mobilization of the French army, abaning two trunks which detectives seized for examination. The Petit Parisien correspondent avers that he has shown a photograph of the man arrested in New York under the name of Kienzle to employes of the firm of Saencer & Buetzschler and they all identified him as the former cashier.

The Petit Parisien representative, asserts that Unger made frequent excursions to points where it was possible to obtain information of military value.

The cashier of the Saencer and Buetschler firm went to New York a month before the mobilization of the French army, ostensibly to collect a debt of 680,000 francs ($165,000) and the Petit Parisien says Unger went there to join him.

Dr. Herbert Kienzle was arrested in New York October 23, last, on suspicion of being connected with an alleged conspiracy to blow up munitions ships sailing from American ports.

Otto Buelow, who government officials suspect to be Otto Unger (an officer of the interned German sea raider Prinz Eitel Friedrich, was arrested in Baltimore about a week ago and returned to Norfolk for a hearing on a charge of having broken his parole.

ORGANIZATION TO COMMENCE TODAY OF 64TH CONGRESS

Scores of Senators and Congressmen Arriving Last Night in Washington.

ARE SEVERAL CHANGES

Simmons and Overman Likely to Retain Respective Senate Chairmanships.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Organization of the Sixty-Fourth Congress, which convenes next Monday, will begin tomorrow. Senate Democrats will hold their caucus at noon and at the same hour the Ways and Means Committee Democrats of the House will undertake the task of parcelling out committee recommendations. Tonight every train brought to Washington scores of Senators and Representatives.

The Senate Democrats' caucus will be called to order by Senator Kern, conference chairman. It is expected that there will be daily sessions throughout the week, the question of revising the rules and providing for cloture of debate and promising to enliven the proceedings.

For several months a special committee headed by Senator Owen, of Oklahoma, has had rules revision under consideration. This committee will report to the caucus its recommendations, including a modified form of cloture designed to prevent endless filibusters. It is believed that a majority of the Democrats will favor some form of cloture rule, but some are known to oppose to vigorously and much discussion is certain.

Rumors of New Leader

Organization of the Senate majority is not expected to precipitate any clashes. Although there have been rumors of changes in leadership, no definite contests for the better places have thus far developed. Senator Kern, it is believed, will be re-elected as majority leader; Senator Clark, of Arkansas, as president protempore, and Senator Lewis, of Illinois, as party whip.

No change in chairmanship of important Senate committees is contemplated, the leaders say. Senator Tillman,

(Continued on Page Eight).

War News at a Glance

The Teutonic armies have driven almost all the Serbs into Montenegro and Northern Albania, leaving in their control only a portion of the southwestern and southern sections of their kingdom which, with the aid of British and French, they are holding against the Bulgarians.

"With the flight of the scanty remains of the Serbian army into the Albanian mountains," says the official communication, "our operations against this army are brought to a close, our object of effecting communications with Bulgaria and the Turkish Empire having been accomplished.

Aside from Serbia the Austro-Italian theatre is furnishing the most violent fighting of any of the war zones. Here along the entire littoral front the Italians are on the offensive against the Austrians. Shells are raining on the Gorizia sector while the Italian infantry have fiercely attacked at Oslavin, on the Podgora height and the Doberdo plateau. They penetrated the Austrian positions, but, according to vienna, later were driven out.

Artillery bombardments and sapping operations have prevailed everywhere on the French line except near Berry-Au-Bac, where a strong German reconnoissance was disposed by the French fire and north of "the labyrinth," where the Germans succeeded in occupying an excavation caused by the explosion of a mine.

French aeroplanes have bombarded German aircraft hangars at Habsheim, east of Meulhausen, and French and German aviators have had thrilling fights in which four German machines were brought down.

On the Russian front, except for a small engagement in the Riga district, there has been no fighting while on the Gallipoli peninsula only artillery actions and mining operations have been progressing of late.

Canada has commandeered all the best grades [illegible] w in store at the head of [illegible] and eastward for the use [illegible] itain and her allies. The [illegible] en to obviate the necessity [illegible] nto the open market and [illegible] facing the payment of high [illegible] is announced that a fair [illegible] paid for the white commodity.

The Rumanian [illegible] the opening of parliament [illegible] rest declared that the situation [illegible] d upon Rumania the duty [illegible] the efforts of the people [illegible] use of their country and [illegible] the conviction that the parliament would continue to supply the necessity.

GORIZIA [illegible] PRESS BY ITALIAN REPORT SAYS

Geneva, Nov. 28. —Reports from Paris, Swiss-Italian [illegible] on the Italians having entered Gorizia [illegible] from the north. [illegible] official confirmation [illegible]

TREATED UNFAIRLY GAFFNEY DECLARES

Officially Ignorant of Government Charges, He Says.

ARRIVES IN NEW YORK

Will Go to Washington First of Week to Take Up Charges Upon Which He Was Asked to Resign as Consul at Munich.

New York, Nov. 28.—T. St. John Gaffney, until recently consul general for the United States at Munich, arrived here today on the steamship Oscar II from Copenhagen. He said he would go to Washington Monday or Tuesday to take up the charges against him with the State Department. Of these charges he said he was officially ignorant. In a written statement he said he was attacked in his absence 3,500 miles away, condemned without a hearing and his resignation asked. The statement in part follows:

"Mr. Gaffney thinks the trouble started with a story which The Morning Post, of London, printed August 12 based on a wire from its correspondent in Berne to he effect that he had been rude to Americans and British in Munich. Fleet street correspondents cabled to papers in New York, one of which also printed that a New York Irishman attempted to send a secret letter to him by the Austrian consul general.

"Mr. Gaffney said that as far as he can classify them the attacks are: Rudeness to Americans and British in Munich, smuggling secret letter, commending Berlin paper which attacked Wilson, dining Sir Roger Casement, approving newspaper attack on Bryan.

"He says that in the time of the mobilization his office was in necessary turmoil. Willing but untrained volunteers in the consulate may have occasionally been rude but no complaint was made to him at the time. Personally he was uncivil to no one.

"Of the secret letter which it is alleged was handed in at the Austrian consulate in New York city, he knows nothing. Such was not received by him and if handed in he cannot be held responsible, he says.

"As to the third charge, commending the Continental Times of Berlin, accused of attacking President Wilson, he says that he praised the paper's war book, not the paper. The war book contained articles by American professors and Theodore Roosevelt and nothing attacking Wilson or the administration. The paper has denied editorially that he ever wrote for it.

"As for the fourth charge he said that he gave a private lunch for Prof. George B. McClellan, former mayor of New York, at whose request he invited Sir Roger Casement. No speeches were made and Sir Roger's standing with Britain or Germany was not discussed.

"As to approving a newspaper attack of Mr. Bryan, Mr. Gaffney says he knows nothing of either the attack or his alleged approved."

Mr. Gaffney also said that he had a number of documents and testimonials from prominent Americans as well as English people at Munich as to his conduct. These included, he said a copy of a cablegram sent to the State Department by the American colony asking that he have a hearing and a copy of a cablegram from members of the English colony denied alleged "biased treatment of English."

RANDALL HOPES TO BECOME AN EXILE

Obregon Requests His Extradition From Funston.

CONFERENCE IS HELD

Obregon's Request That He Be Allowed to Transfer Villa Wounded to Nogales, Sonora, is Promptly Granted.

Nogalese, Arix., Nov. 28.—Major General Frederick Funston, commanding United States troops posted along the international line separating Nogales and the Mexican town in Sonora of the same name, conferred today with General Alvaro Obregon, whose forces occupied Nogales, Sonora, last Friday. General Obregon had requested the extradition of Carlos Randall, until last Thursday acting governor of Sonora. General Funston said he would forward to Washington all the facts regarding Randall who crossed to the American side before the Carranza forces took Nogales. Randall expressed the hope today that he would be given safe conduct to either Cuba or Canada. His wife and family are at Tucson, Ariz.

General Obregon's request today that he be allowed to transfer 110 wounded Villa soldiers to Nogales, Sonora, was promptly complied with by General Funston. Hospital facilities had been provided, General Obregon said.

"That is the first act of really civized warfare that has been brought to my attention on the Mexican side of the border, and I am especially pleased to acquiesce in the move," said General Funston in granting Obregon's request.

General Obregon announced that he would leave tomorrow with most of his troops to join General Martinez, who started yesterday in pursuit of the Villa forces believed to be on their way to Hermosillo. General Funston requested General Obregon's assistance today in apprehending a small band of border raiders operating to the west of here. General Obregon promised to capture the maurauders or drive them across the line.

United States cavalrymen on guard duty to the east reported that they were fired upon early today by a small band of mounted men. The shots were wild and the Americans did not return the fire.

The bodies of 25 Villa soldiers and civilian adherents were found by the Carranza forces when they occupied Nogales, Sonora, according to a statement issued by General Obregon today. He said a captain and four troopers of the Carranza forces were killed when the Twefth infantry replied to the fire which the men under General Cardenas directed against the Americans.

MUCH WHEAT SEIZED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA FOR WAR

About 20,000,000 Bushels, it is Understood, Will be Shipped to Italy.

AMERICANS AFFECTED

Fair Price will be Paid Promptly to the Owners by the Canadian Government.

Failure of Dardanelles Made Measure Necessary.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 28. — The Canadian government has commandeered all high grade wheat in elevators from Fort William on Lake Superior to the Atlantic coast. The action was taken by the Canadian grain commission, under the special war act. The wheat seized was of grades 1 hard, and 1, 2 and 3 Northern. It was the property of grain shippers and millers, and includes all which on Saturday night was in public elevators at Fort William, Port Arthur, Midland, Tiffin, Port McNichol, Collingwood, Goderich, Port Colborne, Kingston, Prescott, Quebec, St. Johns, Montreal and Halifax.

About 20,000,000 Bushels.

A revised estimate places the amount at about 20,000,000 bushels, a considerable part of which is the property of Americans. The grain was requisitioned Saturday night in order that grain exchanges should be affected as little as possible. It is stated officially that the price will be adjusted fairly and the grain owner promptly paid by the Canadian government.

It is estimated that there is still in Canada, in the hands of farmers and dealers west of Fort William 150,000,000 bushels surplus of wheat available for export. It is expected that most of this will be taken in the future for the use of Great Britain, France and Italy. The domestic supply of Russia is more than sufficient to meet the needs of that country. Had the Dardanelles been forced, the surplus of Russian wheat would have made the present action unnecessary. While the grain just taken was commandeered to fill an order from the British government, it is understood that most of it will be shipped to Italy.

The Canadian government will look after transportation to the Atlantic seaboard and from there shipment across the Atlantic will be undertaken by the British government in the same way that shipments of oats and hay have been handled for the past year.

The following official statement was issued by the government tonight:

The phenomenal crop of wheat in the Canadian west has brought upon the government the duty of assisting to the farthest possible in its marketing. The supply of wheat the world over is known to have been abundant and the importance of taking advantage of every opportunity to provide for the disposing of our grain is on that account the greater. For many months a view to procuring orders from the United Kingdom and the Allied governments in order that the utmost snare of the consuming demand in those countries may be turned toward our Canadian surplus. As a consequence the British government has requested the Canadian government to provide within a short time a very large supply of numbers 1, 2 and 3 Northern wheat.

The problem of meeting these requirements and of doing so at such prices as would induce the repetition of orders in Canada, then confronted the government. The effect of government purchases in the open market, such as were made by different countries a year ago, is well known to the public. The market rises abnormally, adding to the profits of grain dealers and speculators, who have purchased the grain which the government reuire.

The advance in price of large amounts of grain in store becomes the loss of the purchasing government and the profit not of the producer but of the owner of the stored grain.

"To secure the desired end this year the dominion government determined Saturday to commandeer all numbers 1, 2 and 3 northern wheat in store at the head of the lakes and eastward. This involves the purchase of anywhere from twelve to fifteen million bushels. The price paid has not yet been settled by the government but will shortly b fixed on a fair basis. The commandeering order goes no farther than is stated above and instructions have been given that all loading now under way is to be continued and no delay whatever occur in the transport of the commandeered grain from the elevators to ocean terminals. It is observed that the order does not apply to grain in elevators west of the lakes or in transit at the time the order takes effect or subsequently thereto.

"There are, of course, many questions of important, detail that arise and demand adjustments and these will be given the fullest consideration and the promptest decision possible.

"There seems no reason why the grain market should be radically af-

(Continued on Page Eight).

PANIC ON BRITISH STEAMER RESULTS IN THE DEATH OF 25

Turkish Submarine, After Halting Steamer Barulos, Assisted in Rescuing Many of the 250 Passengers Who Had Jumped Overboard Into Mediterranean.

New York, Nov. 28.—A Turkish submarine stopped the British passenger ship Barulos in the Mediterranean and after 25 persons had been drowned, assisted in rescuing many of the 250 passengers who had gone overboard in a panic, according to Eleanor Franklin Egan, an eye witness, who arrived today on the steamship New York.

The Barulos, according to Mrs. Egan, who is a writer returning from a trip through Southern Europe, left Piraeus for Alexandria on October 2. Although the ship flew the British flag, her crew was Greek, the passengers, a majority third class, being chiefly Greeks and Orientals. When about five hours south of Crete, the ship picked up three boats containing the crew of the British steamship Sailor Prince, sunk by a submarine a few hours previous. The Barulos, Mrs. Egan said, carried only four lifeboats each with a capacity for 30 people. The picking up of the crew of the Sailor Prince created excitement which was at fever heat when suddenly a submarine came to the surface about two miles distant and fired a shot over the Barulos, evidently as a signal for her to stop.

"Instantly a wild panic broke loose," Mrs. Egan said. "The four life boats of the Barulos were resting in their chocks, while swung alongside were the two boats in which the men from the Sailor Prince had made their escape. Led by the crew and the fire room force, the passengers rushed for the boats. Women, unable to get to the boats, threw their children into the sea and jumped after them. Frightened sailors cut the ropes holding the small boats, and when the latter crashed into the water three of the six were swamped and emptied of their human loads.

"I was at the rail when the submarine appeared and I started back toward the stairs leading below, with the idea of helping to quell the panic. I was caught in the rush and literally forced over the side into the sea. I had a hard time to keep above the water, my difficulties being aggravated by the struggles of others trying to catch hold of me.

"It seemed that I had no sooner struck the water than the submarine appeared under the bows of our ship. On her deck I saw a number of men with an officer whom I took to be an Austrian. The submersible had her collapsible life boat out and the submarine crew were pulling people out of the water onto her deck. The officer was holding up his hands shouting to the people in the water to be calm. I heard him say in perfect English:

"'For God's sake, go back to your ship, we are not murderers!'

"By this time I had worked my way some distance from the ship and seeing one of the life boats near, I held up my hand and called for help. The people in the boat responded and, after a second attempt, succeeded in throwing a line to me when I was all but exhausted.

"The first of the panic over, we rowed back to the Barulos and were taken aboard. Women and children, many in a half drowned state, were crowding the deck of the submarine which remained alongside. When all the rescued were returned to the Barulos, a toll showed that twenty-five were missing. Fourteen children, seven women and four men. Two of the latter were British sailors from the Sailor Prince, who lost their lives diving overboard with the mates rescuing children.

"In addition to the 25 drowned, many

(Continued on Page Eight).

CONFIDENCE UNSHAKABLE IN FINAL VICTORY FOR ALLIES

General Gallieni, French War Minister, Says Repulse of German Offensive in September, 1914, Meant From That Moment the Failure of the Central Powers.

Paris, Nov. 28.—General Joseph Gallieni had been at his desk in the ministry of war since 5 o'clock this morning when he received the Associated Press correspondent four hours later. It was somewhat difficult at first to realize that this quiet man in the completest of fatigue uniform was one of the half dozen leaders who direct the armies and that he is one of the nerve centers of the immense efforts. It soon became apparent, however, that he is not a thinker and a man of action, bearing his tremendous responsibilities with calm and assurance.

"What are the reasons for my unshakable confidence in victory?" repeated the minister of war. "They are those of every Frenchman. Our enemies have been powerless to attain the essential object of every war—the destruction of the adversary's forces. In September, 1914, when we arrested and repulsed the German offensive, the game was lost by the enemy."

"How do you deduce that the Teutonic Empires failed from that moment?" asked the correspondent.

"Because that victory gave the Allies the essential factor of time," replied General Gallieni, "that has enabled us to organize the effective operations of our resources—resources that are superior in money to those of the enemy and nearly unlimited in material, thanks to our mastery of the seas."

General Gallieni then outlined the position of the Teutonic armies as he views it.

"Caught in a viz," he said, "the Central Powers are struggling desperately to free themselves from its grip. The attack upon our front along the Yser, the offensive against the Russians and the campaign in the Balkans, have been the convulsions of a beast at bay.

Alluding to the character of the German efforts in these campaigns, General Gallieni said:

"I recognize all their energy and vigor but their importance is secondary. Even their recent success, made possible by the treason of Bulgaria, cannot modify the strategic situation which has been unalterable for many months. The French, British, Russian and Italian armies are intact. They are growing stronger each day and better armed to vanquish."

Referring to the effect upon the German armies of the frequent transfer of troops from one front to another, the war minister declared:

"Transported to the west, re-transported to the east, and then to the south the enemies' armies are exhausting themselves and the quality of the German soldier is rapidly deteriorating. The opinions of all those who saw the prisoners taken during the battle of Champagne in September are well fixed upon that point.

"The issue is fatal for the Central Empires. Nothing but lack of tenacity on our part could save them. Shall we have the necesary energy to go on to the end?

"If you wish to fix your opinion as to that eventuality, travel about France everywhere. At the front as in Paris, the towns as in the country you will see in the eyes of everyone the unchangable will to persevere to the very end to a complete victory."

A little later, talking of his own work, General Gallieni said:

"My role is to co-ordinate efforts to adapt all national energies most advantageously to the needs of the hour, and to obtain from them the best results with a view of gaining that com-

(Continued on Page Eight).

SELECTING ALL-STAR SQUAD IS HARD TASK

Difficult to Rate the Leading Elevens of the East.

In Many of the Positions for the All-Eastern Team as Many as Half Dozen Candidates Have Been Named.

New York, Nov. 28.—The close of the Eastern football season finds a wide variance of opinion regarding the final rating of the leading elevens and selections for the mythical all-Eastern team. Certain players, such as Barrett, of Cornell and Mahan, of Harvard, are unanimous choices, but in other positions a half dozen candidates are put forward, all having excellent claim for consideration.

High class backfield material was abundant as well as heavy, powerful men for the center of the line, but there was a scarcity of brilliant ends and quarterbacks. Soucy, Harvard; Lamberton, Princeton; Higgins, Penn State; Shelton, Cornell and Stewart, of Colgate, all have their backers for the wing tip positions. At tackle Gilman, of Harvard, is the popular choice, with Abell, Colgate; Schultz, Washington and Lee; Farman, Brown; Nash, Rutgers and McAuliffe, of Dartmouth, in the running. Four guards, Spear, Dartmouth; White and Schlachter, Syracuse; Hogg, Princeton, and Black, of Yale, are the leading candidates. At center, Peck, Pittsburgh, is the player most frequently mentioned.

Barrett, of Cornell is the logical quarterback while Mahan, Harvard, leads in the race for fullback. There is not the same unanimous opinion regarding the two halfbacks. Hastings, of Pittsburgh; Wilkinson, Syracuse; Oliphant, Army; King, Harvard; Tolman, Rutgers; Berryman, Penn State, Rose, Syracuse; Scovil, Yale; Gillo, Colgate, and many others are offered as suitable material.

While all those who have prepared all-Eastern teams have not been heard from, the concensus of opinion to date shows the following players in the lead:

Ends, Soucy, Harvard, and Higgins, Penn State; tackles, Gilman, Harvard, and Abell, Colgate; guards, Spear, Dartmouth, and White, Syracuse; center, Peck, Pittsburgh; quarterback, Barrett, Cornell; half-backs, Wilkinson, Syracuse, and Hastings, Pittsburgh; fullback, Mahan, Harvard.

The following table shows the games won, lost and tied among the principal Eastern colleges and leading touchdown makers and field goal kickers:

Team.	Games.	Won.	Lost.	Tied
Cornell	9	9	0	0
Pittsburgh	8	8	0	0
Columbia	5	5	0	0
Harvard	9	8	1	0
Virginia	8	7	1	0
Wash. & Jeff.	10	8	1	1
LaFayette	11	8	3	0
Union	8	7	1	0
Frank. & Mass.	8	7	1	0
Dartmouth	9	7	1	1
Georgetown	9	7	2	0
Penn. State	9	7	2	0
Syracuse	10	7	1	2
Colgate	7	6	1	0
Princeton	8	6	2	0
Amherst	8	5	3	0
Swarthmore	8	5	3	0
Brown	9	5	3	1
Army	9	5	3	1
Navy	9	3	5	1
Yale	9	4	5	0
Pennsylvania	10	4	4	2
Carlisle	11	3	6	2

Touchdowns: Barrett, Cornell, 22; Gilroy, Georgetown, 16; Hastings, Pittsburgh, 11; Meehan, Syracuse, 10; Mylin, Franklin and Marshall, 10; Mayer, Virginia, 10; Heyman, Washington and Jefferson, 8; McCreight, Washington and Jefferson, 8; Mahan, Harvard, 8; Martin, Navy, 8; Oliphant, Army, 7; Leighty, Georgetown, 7; Wall, Georgetown, 7; E. Anderson, Virginia, 5.

Fields goals: Tibbett, Princeton, 6; Thurman, Virginia, 6; Miller, Columbia, 5; Mahan, Harvard, 4; Lake LaFayette, 4; Oliphant, Army, 3.

ACTRESS HIT BY PLATE BY MANAGER OF SHOW COMPANY

Miss Katharine Weller Receives Scalp Wound as Sequel to Quarrel

(Special Star Correspodence).

Rocky Mount, N. C., Nov. 28. — There was some little excitement occasioned this morning in a local cafe and the subsequent incidents attendant when Miss Katharine Weller, a leading lady in the Tabloid Musical Comedy Company, traveling under the name of "DeWolf's Fun Makers," emerged from the cafe building with a profusely bleeding scalp wound and screams for "police." Miss Weller reported having been strunk on the head with a plate by Mr. E. Matthews, business manager of the company, the plate having been shattered and giving her a scalp wound. The woman was hastened to a physician and several stitches were necessary to close the cut.

According to the information, Mr. Matthews struck Miss Weller following a disagreement between Mrs. Matthews and Miss Weller on the point of who was the real star of the show. The two women exchanged heated remarks and were clinched when Mr. Matthews brought the plate into play. The three were placed under bond and the trial will be held later.

A. C. L. CARRIES 128 BOX CARS IN TONNAGE TEST

Test of New Engines Now Being Delivered to the Coast Line.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Rocky Mount, N. C., Nov. 28.—The unausual sight of an Atlantic Coast Line freight train of 128 box cars was noted by many residents who happened to be on the streets during the early hours last night who noted the length of the time required in the trains passing. The train arrived from Richmond and was completing what is known in railroad parlance as a tonnage test. This is in accord with the specifications embodied in the purchase of a number of new engines which are now being delivered to the Atlantic Coast Line by the Baldwin Locomotive Works. This number of cars will be taken as the maximum and the test will continue over the main line of the system and all the principle branch lines. It is interesting to note that the grade between Richmond and this city affords greater possibilities for a single train tonnage than does the trackage between this city and Florence. The test continued southward today and 120 cars made up the train which left this city for the South Carolina terminal.

MILL OPERATIVES CONTEST FOR PRIZES AT EAST KINSTON

Announcement of Winners in Gardening and Sanitation Contests

(Special Star Correspondence).

Kinston, N. C., Nov. 28—Announcement was made last night of the winners in a series of gardening and sanitation contests conducted under the auspices of managements of cotton and knitting mills in East Kinston. Scores of cash prizes ranging from $4 to $10 were awarded. The judges were from the mill operatives. The competition covered the year up to Thanksgiving. Entrants were amateur vegetable and flower gardeners and housewives. Extra awards were made for creditable displays of canned goods made at the recent fair here by mill workers. There is keen competition between the East Kinston mills and the Caswell village, located west of the city, called the cleanest mill town in the South by United States public health experts. The custom of awarding prizes for garden and flower culture and cleaner homes and yards, although a comparatively new departure, is resulting in wonderful improvements in the Kinston mill sections. Better sanitation has resulted. Until recent years more typhoid was found in one particular small section populated by mill workers than in any other section of the city. The homes are becoming more like they should be, and the interest of the owners of the plants is resulting in better spirit on the part of the operatives toward education, attractive homes and the other things which go to make up better living. The Caswell villagers own and maintain a remarkably profitable co-operative grocery.

EMPEROR YOSHIHITO IS BACK FROM CORONATION CEREMONIES

Many Americans Present Upon His Return to Capital City.

Tokio, Nov. 28.—Accompanying the Imperial shrine in a cortege which was a replica of that which departed for Kioto on November 11, Emperor Yoshitito returned to his capital today after an absence of three weeks. He drove to the palace through streets packed with silent multitudes. Cheering was forbidden by the police, who desired to maintain a note of reverence. The procession was viewed by many Americans, including bluejackets from the United States cruiser Saratoga, flagship of the Asiatic fleet, who are cordially received everywhere. Vice Admiral Kato and his staff visited Rear Admiral Winterhalter on the Saratoga and thanked the United States through him for participating in the naval review.

The coming week will be filled with festivities. American and Japanese officers will mingle at receptions which have been arranged by United States Ambassador Guthrie, Lieutenant Commander Horne, Naval Attache at the United States embassy and Vice Admiral Kato.

RECORD SWEET POTATO CROP

Other Heavy Yields in Brunswick —Southport's Fire Department.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., Nov. 28.—The really remarkable weather, in dryness, has enabled the farmers this fall to get in all crops in splendid condition. The yield of sweet potatoes is beyond records. A farmer recently told your correspondent that he had one thousand bushels from two acres. Other crops are equally prolific.

The organization of the local volunteer fire association is making progress, at the Friday night meeting, Mr. Ernest Burriss was named as chief, and committees appointed to draw up by-laws and attend to other matters looking towards the completion of fire companies.

Thanksgiving Day was generally observed here as a holiday, the stores being closed, and work of all kinds suspended. There were services at the churches. As customary, those inclined to hunt took the day in the woods, and it was a success, the returns for the day showing birds, squirrels, possums and turkeys.

TO DECIDE ROWING TITLE

Efforts to Bring Colleges Ttogether Under English System.

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 28.—Efforts to bring college crews together to decide the American inter-collegiate rowing championship under a system like that prevailing at the famous English Henly regatta, are being made by the American Intercollegiate Rowing Association, according to official announcement here tonight. A decision to standardize the sport was reached at the annual meeting of the association in New York last Friday with representatives in attendance from Columbia, Cornell, Harvard, United States Naval Academy, Princeton, University of Pennsylvania and Yale.

It was decided to work upon some plan that would do away with many of the early season races and would make it possible to settle the college rowing championship definitely. The plan will be reported at the spring meeting of the association in Philadelphia on May 12.

CASE IS DISMISSED

In Which Former Kinston Man Was Involved in "Crap" Game.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Kinston, N. C., Nov. 28.—Dr. Geo. F. Whitfield, a dentist formerly of this city, and Dalton Olmstead, of New York, a professional pool player, were dismissed in a Baltimore police court, says a report received here, when arraigned on the charge of defrauding Francis Duvall, a salesman, in a "crap" game. Duvall alleged that he lost $675 and a scarf pin and that his opponents in the game used "loaded" dice. Detectives arrested Whitfield, who is prominently connected here, and Olmstead in well-established quarters in a hotel. The case against the men was thrown out when Duvall failed to sustain his contention that the dice were "topped." Olmstead had told him, Duvall testified, that he planned to take Whitfield's money.

ARMY RETURNS HOME

Cadet Joha J. McEwan Elected Captain of Squad Next Season.

West Point, N. Y., Nov. 28.—The victorious Army eleven returned home at noon today from its triumph over the Navy. The stage which carried the men up the long hill was pulled by 600 cadets.

On the train from New York the team elected Cadet John J. Ewan, the big center rush, as captain for next season. McEwan has played three years on the eleven. He is 22 years old and six feet two inches in height. He was appointed to West Point from Minnesota and will be graduated with the clas of 1917.

Petrograd, (via London), Nov. 28.—Walter C. Whiffen, head of the Petrograd Bureau of the Associated Press, has been slightly wounded while at the Russian front. He was struck in the thigh by an explosive bullet. Mr. Whiffen was in the company of a Russian general, who saw that he had immediate medical attention.

SWITZERLAND ACTING THE GOOD SAMARITAN

Relieving Sufferings of Neighbors Caused by War.

Surrounded on All Sides by Warring Nations She Faces the Difficult Task of Being Friend to All Alike.

Berne, Switzerland, Nov. 28.—Switzerland, surrounded on all sides by warring nations, obliged herself to arm against possible violations of her territory, forced into an economic neutrality in which she is scarcely able to suit anybody while suffering a great deal of harm herself, finds only one role that pleases everyone—that of "Good Samaritan of Europe," relieving the sufferings her neighbors are causing to each other's subjects. The burden of maintaining communication between several million prisoners of war and their kindred fell upon the Red Cross committee of Geneva. Switzerland also rushed to the frontiers loaded with refreshments and comforts for refugees and mutilated soldiers, returning home through her neutral territory. What this has cost Switzerland in money cannot be reckoned. What it has cost commercially and financially in other directions it is difficult to estimate beyond the millions that her mobilization has cost her.

The Swiss people are particularly sensitive over the suspicions they have been exposed to by reason of their geographical position, the varied character of the population and the resulting division of sympathies in the conflict. There has undoubtedly been some contraband but no more than there would have been in any other country where private gain is tempted by high paid risks. A great deal of contraband has been prevented. By reason of commercial treaties Switzerland was unable to prevent the transportation across her territory of enormous quantities of merchandise that Italy sent to Germany in exchange for coal before she declared war on Austria. The inspection of that merchandise to detect contraband of war was a formidable task.

Regarding suspicions in France that importations from that country into Switzerland went to supply the Germans the Swiss people point out that these importations for the first quarter of 1915 were 60 million francs less than for the first quarter of 1914. At the same time they complain of the stoppage o fFrance of goods from across the Atlantic that were indispensable for the provisioning of the population and for the operation of their industries. These complaints were naturally more bitter from the German part of Switzerland.

From the beginning of the war Switzerland has been obliged to appeal constaulty to the good will of both groups of powers at war while being at the same time tugged at from many different directions by as many conflicting interests. All this is what made possible, even necessary, the idea of an importing trust which bears the name of the Swiss Society of Economic Supervision. This, it is hoped, will remove the friction; it will not, of course, indemnify Switzerland for her direct outlays of a hundred million dollars in mobilization expenses, her charitable work nor her indirect losses in business stagnation. Her mobilization costs her an average of eight million dollars a month; if the war lasts two years the total will be nearly two hundred million dollars.

What Switzerland has lost in receipts from tourists was shown by the decrease of six million dollars in the receipts of federal railroads from August to December, 1914.

In July 1914 the number of tourists registered at Zurich was 33,886; this year in the same month there were only 12,835 visitors. At Lausanne there were 8,670 guests registered in July, 1914; this year there was only 2,030.

Prof. Seipel is quoted as saying: "If the anguish of the sombre European tragedy didn't weigh so heavily on our hearts and consciences, life would never have been so agreeable in Switzerland as at present. We are like a little family that has bid adieu to its boarders and found it charming intimacy again." The hotel keepers are unable to look upon the situation with the same philosophy. All of them are in financial distress—some of them in desperate straits exposed to the ruinous competition of new houses or of old houses that may be bought at ruinous terms after peace that may be declared. Their situation prompted the suggestion of a hotel monopoly in order to improve the security to banks who are asked to renew advances.

All business in luxuries has been tried particularly. In July, 1915, only 25,043 gold watch cases were stamped as compared to 63,060 in July, 1914.

COLORED CONFERENCE CLOSES

Many Attended Sessions at St. James' A. M. E. Zion Church.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., Nov. 28.—During most of the past week, the North Carolina annual conference of the A. M. E. Zion church, has been holding its daily sessions, here, at St. James' church. The conference was largely attended, there being over one hundred delegates present, and the various meetings created a good deal of interest, locally, the church auditorium being filled at nearly every session. Bishop A. Walters, of New York, presided over the conference.

The large attendance at the conference is taxing the entertainment capacity of the colored citizens, but they have met the situation with the help of the white people, who have contributed liberally in the provision line. The conference closes today.

DUPLIN COURT ADJOURNS

Arthur Carroll, Colored, Gets Twenty Years for Murder.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Warsaw, N. C., Nov. 28.—Duplin county court adjourned Wednesday afternoon for a recess until Monday corning. Arthur Carrol, colored, was convicted of murder in the second degress for killing his step-father, Eryan Johnson, and was sentenced to twenty years imprisonment by Judge Connor. Sheriff G. G. Best returned Saturday afternoon from conveying the prisoner to Raleigh.

"Aunt" Maria Parker, a highly respected colored woman, wife of Tom Parker, who owns and preaches in all the colored Baptist churches in this immediate neighborhood, died at her home here on Thanksgiving Day, and was buried with much ceremony by the Knights of Gideon at noon Friday.

THEATRICAL

One of the most enchanting personalities seen on the Paramount programme in some weeks comes to the Royal today, the exquisite dramatists, Marie Doro, starring in a great filmization of "The White Pearl."

"The White Pearl" is a fascinating combination of romance, drama and mystery which centers around the love of an American girl and boy, whom destiny transplants to far-off Japan under strange and thrilling circumstances. Miss Doro's wonderful dark eyes, about which so much has been written are a powerful factor in her delineation of the transformed American girl when she finds herself in the role of a Japanese Geisha girl. Her

ROBERT BRODERICK

Starring With Marie Doro, in "The White Pearl," Royal, Today.

delicate beauty and captivating, grace and attractiveness help her succeed in making a picture of exquisite charm and appeal.

The elaborate Japanese settings are masterpieces of scenic art. It is amid this exotic setting that Marie Doro successfully and appealingly presents her assumption of the life and mannerisms of a Japanese girl—one of the most artistic and exquisite characterizations ever contributed to the screen. Seen in the cast with Miss Doro are Thomas Holding, Robert Broderick, Maude Granger and Robert Cain. It should prove one of Paramount's most attractive offerings at the Royal today.

Billie Ritchie at Bijou.

It's on at the Bijou today—the greatest fusillade of fun and frivolity ever let out of captivity in a single day—a merry melange of mirth that defies a equal in all the history of filmdom.

Billie Ritchie presents today his greatest L-Ko—"Silk Hose and High Pressure," filmed in three convulsive reels that would make the most confirmed pessimist split his sides with unrefined laughter. "Silk Hose and High Pressume" is something you've never seen before—you've never seen anything that in any way approached its equal for fun-making qualities.

"Silk Hose and High Pressure" presents Billie as you have never seen him before—in a role that gives him

BILLIE RITCHIE

In the Three-Reel Melange of Mirth, "Silk Hose and High Pressure," Bijou Today.

ample opportunity for his very greatest funny work. And he's assisted in this great laugh-maker by "Pop" Rogers—he, with the portly frame and twinkly eye—Alice Howell (hat and all), Louise Orth (with her pretty smile), and several other L-Ko nuts that simply make Rome howl. If you miss "Silk Hose and High Pressure" count today lost, for it's the one big treat of your life, in the comedy line.

"Promissory Notes" gives you enough drama in a single reel to even up the performance of the day. It's the first of a series of "stories from real life" to be filmed under the Victor brand which will star some of their greatest dramatic artists.

"Miss Freckles"—The Grand.

Ruth Stonehouse, one of filmdom's most popular and beautiful stars, presents as the headliner at the Grand today, a great two-reel Essanay comedy-drama, "Miss Freckles," that will make a strong appeal to Grand patrons.

"Miss Freckles" shows Miss Stonehouse, who is noted for her ability and versatility, in an entirely new role, in one of the most pleasing two-reel comedy production of the year. There's no slap-stick attached to this feature production, but it's just simply full of good, clean, natural comedy situations that will bring many a laugh. It's in two full reels, and you'll wish there was two more when it is over.

"The Broken Word"—a tense and thrilling single reel Edison dramatic feature—is full of thrills for every spectator. It's an unusual theme, handled in an unusual style by a great cast of stars.

Tomorrow—the biggest day in the history of the Grand—comes Charlie Chaplin in his latest and greatest two-reel Essanay comedy, "A Night in the Show," the greatest comedy ever filmed in two reels—that's what the Moving Picture World says about it.

Oh—there's a great Ham and Bud comedy on today, too—"Rushing the Lunch Counter."

THANKSGIVING AT SANATORIUM

Pleasant Day Spent by Patients at State Institution on Thursday.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Sanatorium, N. C., Nov. 27.—Thanksgiving was observed by the patients and staff of the North Carolina Sanatorium for the Treatment of Tuberculosis with great pleasure and profit. An excellent mid-day dinner was served in a dining room beautifully decorated with cut flowers, long leaf pines and autumn leaves.

Services were held in the evening, being conducted by the Woman's Missionary Society of the Sanatorium. The offerings for the different orphanages amounted to $38.59, divided as follows: Baptist, $16; Methodist, $9.54; Presbyterian, $8.10; Odd Fellows, $5.25. The missionary society has been organized for four months and now has 40 members. The society has raised by mite boxes enough money for the care of a little native girl in the Soochan school in China, where Miss McCain, a sister of Dr. P. P. McCain, of the Sanatorium staff, is a member of the faculty. The members of the society, recently sent a Christmas box to Miss McCain and the little girl.

MRS. CAROLINA WILLIAMS DROWNS HERSELF IN SPRING

Tarboro Woman Had Recently Declared She Would Take Her Life.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Rocky Mount, N. C., Nov. 28.—Leaving her home in the early morning hours before dawn Mrs. Carolina Williams, of Tarboro, wife of Henry Williams, of that place, premeditatively took her own life by drowning herself in Hyatt's spring on Stoney Creek, Saturday morning, according to information received here. The deceased was 58 years old and has been known to have suffered fits of melancholia, while recently she has declared that she would take her life, giving as her reasons that her advanced years rendered her incapable of work.

The woman lived on St. James street in Tarboro while the scene of the point of her drowning was only a short distance away. Her departure from the home at so early an hour was discovered and a search was started but it was too late. The lifeless body was found in the creek in water not more than a foot deep. The tracks to the shore indicated that she had been drowned in water that was deeper, however.

New York, Nov. 28. — Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo, recently appointed Chinese minister to the United States, arrived here today on the steamship New York from Liverpool. Dr. Koo was accompanied by Mme. Koo and Dr. Wen Pin Wei, former third secretary of the Chinese legation at Mexico City, who is to be his first secretary at Washington. Dr. Koo succeeds as minister Kai Fuh Shah, recalled to Peking.

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In the very smartest circles of American society the hand-made cigarette of deliciously fresh "Bull" Durham is recognized as the supreme expression of tobacco luxury. It is stylish, correct, and stamps you as a smoker of experience, to "roll your own" cigarettes, to suit your own taste, with

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO

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Ask for FREE Package of "Papers" with each 5c sack.

FREE An Illustrated Booklet, showing correct way to "Roll Your Own" Cigarettes, and a package of cigarette papers, will both be mailed, *free*, to any address in U. S. on postal request. Address "Bull" Durham, Durham, N. C.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

BILLIE RITCHIE

Assisted by Louise Orth, "Pop" Rogers, Alice Howell and Other L-Ko Nuts, in

Silk Hose and High Pressure

Greatest Melange of Mirth Ever Presented Anywhere—Three Solid Reels of Billie Ritchie, in a Furious Fusillade of Fun and Frivolity.

"Promissory Notes"

An Exceedingly Tense Victor Dramatic Feature.

BIJOU

THE ROYAL

"Wilmington's Modern Movie"

Daniel Frohman Presents

THE EXQUISITE STAR

MARIE DORO

In Her Second Great Screen Triumph, a Fanciful Romance of The Orient.

"THE WHITE PEARL"

A Fascinating Combination of Romance, Drama and Mystery, With Enchanting Scenes in Japan.

TOMORROW:

William Fox Presents

"FROM THE VALLEY OF THE MISSING."

GRAND

Ruth Stonehouse

Heading an All-Star Cast, in a Great Two-Reel Essany Comedy-Drama,

"Miss Freckles"

"The Broken Word"

A Tense and Gripping Edison Dramatic Feature.

"Rushing The Lunch Counter"

A Great Ham and Bud Comedy.

TOMORROW:

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

In His Latest Two-Reel Essanay Comedy.

"A NIGHT IN THE SHOW."

"OVERLAND" "FRANKLIN."

REAL SERVICE TO CAR OWNERS.

PROMPT PRACTICAL

COURTEOUS EFFECTIVE

Bring Us Your Electrical Equipment Troubles. We'll Solve Them Permanently.

BATTERIES (any size) Recharged Properly and Promptly.

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"EVERYTHING FOR THE MOTORIST."

Is Lunacy Trailing In War's Wake?

Scientists Declare That the Abnormal Number Of Sun Spots Are Inducing Mental Aberration Among Us During These Days Of War and Bloodshed—They Endeavor to Prove That the World Is Actually Going Dippy

WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN

DR. BERNHARD DERNBURG

HARRY THAW

HARRY THAW'S MOTHER AND SISTER

Is the whole world suffering from mental aberration? Are we in the year 1915 victims of temporary insanity?

Scientists say we are and at present the world is sort of a lunatic asylum with millions suffering from the effects of the peculiar behavior or rather misbehavior of the spots on the sun.

Heretofore it was the moon that was supposed to have a bad mental effect on people.

The word lunacy is derived from the Latin word "luna," meaning the moon.

But now the wise men of astronomy say that it is the sun that is causing us to do peculiar things in a peculiar manner.

Whatever the cause of the present peculiar actions of the races of the world it is apparent that part of the opinion of the scientists is proved here in America by our peculiar actions, from Bryan's resignation down to Prof. Frank Holt, alias Muenter shooting Morgan and setting off a bomb in the national capitol together with thousands of peculiar actions in between.

ALL ON THE SUN.

While various nations have been issuing red books, green books, yellow books and manuals of many colors in an effort to fix the blame for the European war, scientists say we are all wrong—it was the sun.

Although most of us considered that that little incident of the slaying of two Austrian nobles in Servia was the immediate cause of the present conflict, astronomers and scientists, not satisfied with arguing cause and effect from sources near at hand, decree that a very large, heated mass just 92,000,000 and some odd miles from us in an easterly direction in the morning did it all. It made us foolish. Where before there were sensible people carrying on business in a sensible way the world now is peopled with a race of "solatics," or persons crazy from the sun.

That famous planet that has been known in the past to furnish warmth and light and to have followed the simple pursuit of making crops grow and giving a fine coat of tan to maids and men on outing or vacations, now is compelled to assume all the responsibility for our foolish actions.

The sun has a sort of [illegible] fever, say the scientists, [illegible] having its effect upon us [illegible] world.

Of course, science can [illegible] such a small matter the [illegible] of the astronomers about t[illegible] ing such as would preclud[illegible] sibility even the slightes[illegible] about our mental state.

William Jennings Bryan, formerly a very mild mannered man, who ran for President every four years and between defeats, wrote editorials for his newspaper out in Nebraska, is now assaulting the line with verbal bombs in each hand, hurling them at anyone who may cross his path. Bryan formerly was a very gentle man, who could write letters to foreign nations with editorial nicety and yet not be accused of having said anything, one way or the other.

Now it is different. He has severed relations with the President of the United States and has gone his way, denouncing this and that in as much space as any sensible editor will give him. His speeches are printed in many papers for about a half-inch and are not marked advertising. Again the surprise is that a man who has fought so many battles (political) should now devote his time to crying for peace at any price, but preferably at $500 a lecture.

A highly significant sign of our lapsing mental state is that of a former mild-mannered college professor, teacher of German and French, going on the warpath with real bombs, blowing up one wing of the national capitol and then shooting J. P. Morgan.

Where ordinarily this man might be in the class room, calmly giving zeros to young men of not overstudious habits, Holt leaped into the front page space with a bomb in both hands and went as calmly out of the limelight by his suicide in jail.

AND THERE IS DERNBURG.

Dr. Dernburg is believed another example of the hallucinations from which we all are suffering. He believed himself the Kaiser of America until the press of the United States gently hinted that he would better "hire a hall" and that his expressions as given out might be worth page one space in Berlin, but in this country, in the future, they would have to be paid for at special advertising rates.

Serious, however, the wave not of crime but of peculiar crimes is sweeping over the United States and may or may not be taken as proof of the contentions of the scientists, as the readers of the newspapers may elect. From Los Angeles, Col., for instance, we have the example of a young man who turned a highway robber after reading the thrilling experience of New York holdup men. When he was arrested it was found that his "bullets" were made of hardened chewing gum.

Said bandit explained that while he wished to take up the avocation of a highway robber he did not wish to spread carnage and death among the populace of the city so he made the chewing gum bullets.

Perfectly silly, you say? Perfectly insane, rabidly mad, remark the men of science.

SPREADS TO DRY KANSAS.

Would one believe in ordinary times that in a dry religious state like Kansas (supposably dry) the chief of police would be arrested on a charge of selling liquor. Kansas ordinarily so conservative and sober may feel some relief in the knowledge that the chief, if he did sell liquor, may have been exposed to the rays of the sun or mentally afflicted by one of those huge spots now upon the great solar body.

From West Virginia, also a dry state where people are supposed to reserve their proper mentality, comes the story of a boy who, not having a balloon, tied some oil-soaked waste to the tail of a crow, ignited it and set the animal loose with the result that the Independence Day celebration was further celebrated by the destruction of a haystack by fire.

Foolish boy, you will say. Mentally unsound, affected by the spots on the sun, the scientists will remark.

Then, of course, there is the Thaw case. Thaw is sane said the jury, jury insane, said the scientists. The way the astronomers and those who wish to hold the distant sun spots to blame for everything we do, seem to think that Harry Thaw is the only sane man in New York (Evelyn perhaps excepted), while the rest of the city, including the twelve men who set him free are wondering about in a hopeless mental maze, due of course to sun spots.

EFFECT ON DIVORCES.

The New York divorce courts and those in other cities have given their bit of evidence in favor of the new solar theory. There have been more pink pajama divorce cases this year than ever before in the history of the divorce courts of that great city where every second person either is divorced, is about to be divorced or has hopes of being married so that he or she may become divorced.

In a recent divorce, bearing the N. Y. trade mark, witnesses told of the woman in the case having remained silhouetted in a window with a man in a death-struggle embrace, known also as a soul kiss. She was unable to kiss so long because of her physical state, testified the doctor.

The doctor is an alienist and all alienists are crazy only more so, said the great scientists to themselves in another indictment against the sun for our human failings.

The murder cases and the suicides also have shown an increase, a woman in Quincy, Ill., having killed her husband because he said she was growing old. Perfectly right for a woman to be mad when her husband finds no more charm in her, say many women. Hopeless case, say the scientists.

And so it goes. The scientists say that ordinary people are crazy this year, and the people say naughty things about the scientists. The men of learning say that sun spots have caused us all to suffer a severe nervous shock. Ordinarily people cannot see where the sun, remaining at the comfortable distance of 92,000,000 of miles away can have anything to do with our life, as long as it will remain away and will spend a reasonable length of time each day in casting its rays down upon the fields and making things grow and as long as it will occasionally so moderate the intensity of its rays to permit a person to sit on the front porch without burning the epidermis from the nose and leaving its victim in that sad state that a collar assumes after it has been worn all day beneath the rays of the intense and overpowering heat of the sun.

Between scientists and ordinary ten-hour a day people the dispute is at present, so it seems, "Who's looney now?"

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary Sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders or postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1915.

"Fights That I Have Had" is liable at any time to be the title of a new book.

We don' have to think much about politics till after Christmas and New Year's.

Of course, it is natural that the armies are having a hot time in the Balkan mountain ranges.

Sometimes party platforms ought to be carried out—especially those that were brought in when nobody was watching.

A marriage recently took place in Philadelphia between Mr. Blizzard and Miss Snow. You can recognize the affinity for yourself.

The office may seek the man and he will be sure to accept, but the office may feel like kicking itself for seeking the wrong man.

Do your Christmas shopping as early as Christmas goods are advertised so you may get an idea as to what to buy and where to get it.

Baltimore expects to have natural gas, but Washington will have no end of natural gas and lots of unnatural gas just as soon as Congress meets and begins to discuss adequate preparedness.

Since the peace champions are gonna throw in steamship voyages to different countries in Europe, we will begin to like peace enough to wish for an invitation to go to Europe with a lot of agreeable folk.

A Republican orator exclaimed: "What shall be the duty of the Republican party next year?" Well, if it should win, the special interests will insist that its duty shall be a tariff duty that will be satisfactory to them.

Those London workmen now declare that they won't work a lick unless they can get their beer. They seem to love beer better than they do work. Some time ago the complaint was that the boss men could get more beer than work out of the workmen.

Colonel Roosevelt continues to express dissatisfaction with the administration at Washington. Most of us are glad he is naturally voicing his disappointment, because it is an assurance to us that the administration is not conducting a three-ring circus.

Civilization has made tremendous progress. It has finished up with the acquisition of Africa and was making good headway in parceling out Asia when war caused civilization to stop and fight a while. Many are the crimes committed in the name of civilization.

Owing to the way things are going, Colonel Roosevelt, is quoted as saying that he is "so humiliated by the attitude of his country that he will not show his face in Europe." He should worry. Europe would prefer for him to hurry over and show his hand before it's too late.

At the recent election in Maryland it is said that a Baltimore man one hundred years old voted the Republican ticket for the first time. This shows that just as long as a man lives he is liable to do something that will make him sorry the balance of his days. It is so human to err, even to the last moment!

When the Hon. Claude Kitchin says that interview in the New York Herald was a fake, everybody in North Carolina is prepared to believe that when Mr. Kitchin calls a fake by its right name that is what it is. We all know Mr. Kitchin so well that we are certain he never denies anything he says but says it all the time and sticks to it.

Fellow citizens, fear nothing. Don't get scared of anything till you see it, and then if you are not prepared to make it afraid of you, you'll have to run unless you can fly. However, fellow citizens, preparedness is no sign of fear. It is simply evidence of prudence as a safeguard against some thing that might otherwise scare you when you least expect it. Despite Fear! Love Prudence, though!

AMERICAN PREPAREDNESS IN ENGLAND.

President Wilson's "adequate preparedness" campaign for the United States is being watched with great interest in England and it is being discussed in a clear-sighted manner by the press of the United Kingdom. In England severe criticism has been hurled at the British navy because it appears to be inert to those who really do not know what the navy has done and is doing and proposes to do. Many of these criticisms are ignored, while many of them are answered indirectly through the press. In an article in the London Telegraph, contributed by Archibald Hurd, he simply points to what America proposes to do in the way of preparedness, with Britain's great navy as an example for the defense and safety of Great Britain. He goes fully into details about the proposition in the United States to increase our navy and enlarge the army, but the Telegraph article carries the emphasis that Americans, having observed what Great Britain's navy is to her during this critical period, appreciate its value to the extent that the new naval programme in the United States calls for "185 more men of war for America's fleet." Mr. Hurd says:

"Among the things which the British Fleet has done is to convince a very powerful section of the people of the United States that their country requires a large navy. President Wilson and his Administration have adopted most ambitious plans for the strengthening of the Fleet. A short telegram from Washington referred to the matter a fortnight or three weeks ago; now I have received full details.

"This war was to end all wars, according to some prophets, and in particular it was to remove from the democracies of the world the burden of naval armaments. Now we have the spectacle of the greatest democracy in the world—separated from Europe by 3,000 miles of sea—in such a hurry for more men-of-war that it has decided not even to wait for the lessons on construction and armament which the war may teach before it is over. New ships of all classes—battleships, battle cruisers, scout cruisers, destroyers, and submarines, are to be put in hand and without delay.

"This decision has been reached by the party which came into power in opposition to Mr. Roosevelt's policy of "the big stick," and pledged to economy on armaments. Hostilities in Europe—and Germany's methods of war in particular—apparently have corrected the extreme pacificism of most Americans; they feel that their wealth is a temptation to other people; they have seen Belgium—happy and prosperous—massacred and overrun. Possessing already a navy which is held by some persons to be not weaker than that of Germany and therefore bracketed as the second largest in the world, they are determined to have one yet larger. The "big navy" scheme has received the approval of the President; that is a singular fact, for Dr. Wilson is certainly no fire-eater."

Great Britain is very much impressed with the intention of the United States to prepare itself for emergencies that may arise in the future. Certainly we have learned lessons from the war in Europe. We have learned that war can come practically without reasonable cause and almost without warning, and that when it comes those countries not capable of defending themselves become the helpless victims of a conflict that is not theirs. The enormous armies of all the belligerents indiscriminately make fighting ground of helpless nations, while their navies make short shift of the commerce of each other and dominate that of all the neutral nations of the world. We observe what power on land has done and what power on sea has done. If that is the object lesson of the present lamentable war in Europe, why is it not a warning lesson for the future? Really the American people seem to be taking the lesson to heart, and as Mr. Hurd sees President Wilson's programme, it seems formidable to him, for he thus refers to it in detail:

"What is the position? According to Mr. Josephus Daniels, the Naval Secretary, who corresponds closely in his duties to our First Lord of the Admiralty, "The Sixty-Third Congress . . . authorized five battleships, twelve destroyers, and twenty-six submarines—three sea-going and twenty-three coast defence—besides one fuel ship. This was the largest programme ever authorized by any Congress, and makes necessary the appropriation of $28,369,127 to continue such construction." Construction has not been very rapid, and, consequently, there are a number of vessels still in hand; they comprise seven battleships—the oldest of them authorized in 1911—eleven destroyers, with a destroyer tender, twenty-two submarines, with a tender, and two fuel ships, a storeship and a transport."

All the American ships referred to in the foregoing are still in hand and not included in the President's five-year programme, which includes 10 battleships, two each year for five years; six battle cruisers, 10 scout cruisers, 50 destroyers, 15 fleet submarines, 85 coast marines, three gunboats, one hospital ship; two ammunition ships, two oil ships, one repair ship—185 new ships in all, the construction of which is to be distributed between 1917 and 1921. Mr. Hurd observes that the programme is so arranged as to "equalize the pressure on the shipbuilding resources of the country," and, therefore, "in fact, the United States is taking a leaf out of Germany's book and is adopting a methodical naval programme."

The American programme, he notes, will cost about $200,000,000 a year, but he thinks we can well afford it. "It goes without saying," he declares, "that the people of the United States can well afford this expenditure, if they care to incur it; in a sense, they will be investing a portion of the profits they are making out of the war—and they are very big—in more naval and military power, for the estimates for the army are also to be largely increased."

SECRETARY M'ADOO'S TAX PLANS

The question about getting all the money needed to strengthen the navy and the army is a matter for Congress to settle, just as the naval and army programme itself is a matter for Congress. Therefore, the suggestion of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo to raise some $150,000,000 to $200,000,000 a year is only his personal or official view, to be adopted by Congress or not to be considered at all. However, the Newbern Sun states that Senator Simmons, chairman of the Senate finance committee, approves the Secretary's suggestion. Says the Sun:

"Senator Simmons believes that Secretary McAdoo's plan to raise enough money to meet a deficit and to pay the initial cost of army and navy increase by internal revenue tax is the proper thing and voices his opinion in the matter. Senator Simmons is thoroughly familiar with this matter and his opinion is of real worth."

The question of an internal revenue tax, or an increase of taxes, is arousing considerable interest all over the country and the New York Journal of Commerce in a long article concerning the views in financial circles there, says the Secretary's plan may meet opposition. New York bankers and representative business men there were reluctant to talk but they were free to say that they were satisfied that it would bring on sharp opposition in Congress.

The bankers do not seem to favor an internal revenue tax and it is their opinion that the increased expenditures of the government can best be provided by a bond issue bearing 3 per cent interest. This they believe would be less objectionable than a stamp tax on checks and certain transactions, by which method there is admitted inequality in taxation.

SAVANNAH WILL CELEBRATE

The completion of the new terminal of the Ocean Steamship Company at Savannah has brought forth the proposal that the Georgia port should have a big celebration emphasizing the significance of the port betterment there. It is hardly to be supposed that Savannah would let slip such an opportunity to attract attention to her increased commercial importance.

The Savannah News favors a celebration, and that paper very logically asserts that "it is to Savannah's interest to get in behind anything that serves to call the world's attention to her advantages in any particular." Of course, if Savannah appreciates publicity, she is going to celebrate. The new Ocean Steamship Company's terminals will so greatly increase Savannah's facilities for doing commerce that it would be surprising if that port did not take advantage of it to get herself a larger place in the sun.

We are glad to see our South Atlantic ports increasing their efficiency for handling ocean traffic. In means that the South will sooner or later be able to build up a distinctive commerse, a sure means of increasing her industrial opportunities in every way.

KEEP ON PUSHING

Wilmington's campaign for progress should know no such thing as let up. We possibly may slow down because Christmas is coming, but we must not forget that we can prepare for the holiday season and do constructive work for Wilmington at one and the same time. We should not suspend our activities for the summer season, not for the Yuletide seasons, not for any old season.

At any rate we can plan during the 31 days in December for some live work to be done after the first of January. We ought to get the ball a rolling in good fashion early during the coming year. It is presidential campaign year and we should have our booster work so well in hand that we can give our time to politics without letting it interfere with our mobilization for a greater Wilmington.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Judge George Rountree has resigned, to take effect January 1st. Another good Judge who cannot afford to give his time for the compensation provided by law. A Raleigh special last night stated that it was conceded that Governor Craig would appoint W. P. Stacy, Esq., of Wilmington, to fill the vacancy. Mr. Stacy is a brother of our countyman, H. E. Stacy, Esq., of Lumberton.—Maxton Scottish Chief.

It was a gracious, though just, act, on the part of Col. Henderson of the stockholders of the Graniteville Manufacturing Company to say: "The greatest asset the Graniteville Manufacturing Company has is the good will of its employes." On his motion in the stockholders' and creditors' meeting it was unanimously adopted that the company shall not exact any rental for houses occupied by the mill employes during the time the mill is idle.—Charlotte Mill News.

Depend upon Senator Simmons to reflect North Carolina sentiment when he is asked to express an opinion on the attitude of the people toward any question of National importance. Giving his approval to the general ideas that underlie the Administration's plan for preparedness, Senator Simmons spoke the truth when he added his belief that the people of his State would be "against what has been characterized as frenzied preparedness but overwhelmingly in favor of what might be termed common-sense preparedness; that is, preparedness that would enable us to protect ourselves if attacked and to defend our rights upon the high seas, as well as on the land, if these rights are invaded." He would have a Navy not only adequate for defense, but adequate to assure our rights. That about covers the contention made by this paper, but perhaps we have not been able to express it quite so clearly. Contending for that much, The Observer would also contend for an appropriation to equip the Navy, and also the Army for the condition of preparedness indicated by Senator Simmons.—Charlotte Observer.

That invitation from Mr. Ford to Governor Craig opens a mighty seductive prospect. A guest of honor on a finely-equipped steamship, a tour of Christiana, Stockholm and Copenhagen—in short, an elegant and a most interesting tour abroad, with everything "provided"—is an invitation which one would be inclined to view from every angle before turning it down. We have not much faith in any substantial results in the direction of peace for Europe at the present time, but an international conference of the kind proposed, attended by representatives of the powers in America and other neutral countries, would quite likely establish a basis upon which future hopes in the direction of peace for the world might be built up. The Observer is rather inclined to the hope that Governor Craig will go.—Charlotte Observer.

Representative Kitchin, opposing an increase of the United States navy, insists that the establishment we have is "twice as large as Japan's" and "far superior to that of Germany." This he declares to be "the absolute fact and not to be lied away by such a false and deceitful publication as the Navy Year Book." The navy, said Captain Yates Sterling, of the service, in a pretty free speech at a gathering of patriotic societies in Philadelphia the other day, "has been the ham bone of politicians" and he declared that "we have spent twice as much within the last ten years for our navy as Germany and the German navy today is twice as great and twice as efficient as ours." So, there you are and you may make your choice of opinions, which will be pretty much according to your predisposition, without especial respect to the relative authority of the conflicting representations. It is well to remember in controversies of this nature that experts are liable to error as well as amateurs. At the outbreak of the war between the United States and Spain, the late Sir Charles Dilke, of England, an accepted authority on international naval affairs, declared that the sea forces of the two countries were practically equal and the issue of a conflict between them could not be predicted within any degree of certainty. Then came Manila and Santiago and the Spanish navy was gone. The United States lost one man in the two battles.—Charleston Post.

TO WILMINGTON!

(Communicated.)

Healthy, Historical, Beautiful, Picturesque, Climatically agreeable all the year! A splendid place to live in; a good place to make money in; an excellent place to get an education in; a fine place for recreation and amusement. That's Wilmington!

As the sun rises above the sparkling waves of the Atlantic ocean and sheds its light upon our beautiful city, situated on the great Cape Fear river, in the pine-clad forests of old Carolina it reveals a city by the sea fair to look upon, and one as progressive and enterprising as any in our land.

The whistle chimes from our great industres call us from rest to activities at dawn. The magnificent banks tower above our thriving commercial houses, industries and enterprises, spreading the protecting wings of their powerful resources over them. The soil surrounding us is wonderfully productive, not underlaid with gold, but produces all agricultural products which may be readily exchanged for gold at a profit of 100 per cent, in favor of the tiller of the lands. The very object of our admiration is our grand forests, occasionally broken by a beautiful stream or natural lake, in which fish await with the eagerness of hungry wolves, a fallen worm whether it be free or attached to an angler's hook. The chattering squirrels play merrily on the branches of our forest trees, while the wild gobbler calls for a breeze to shed the fine pine mast at his feet, and the clumbsy bear anxiously peeps from some brushy place at suspicious strangers.

Listen! I hear the birds singing.

Hark! The gentle warm breese is blowing, teasing the buds to put forth leaves and flowers; yet it is Winter!

Thus from good to better pages might follow, but is this not enough? Why stand you there and shiver in the cold? Blowing your fingers in solemn thought while a place of unlimited possibilities awaits and needs all the industrious, progressive young men of our country. Why not be with us and enjoy the gifts of nature where she has so bountifully distributed all that goes to make life so enjoyable, profitable and comfortable. Get in on the ground floor and help us to make Wilmington one of the greatest cities in our land.

JOHN NEWCOMER.

Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 27.

ANSWERS CRITICISMS FOR RECOGNITION OF CARRANZA

Reply as to Alleged Outrages Upon Catholic Priests and Nuns.

Washington, Nov. 28.—The administration's reply to those who criticise the recognition of the Carranza government in Mexico because of charges of outrages upon priests and nuns of the Catholic church was made public here tonight in a letter by Secretary Tumulty to Dr. James J. McGuire, of Trenton, N. J., who recently wrote to the White House asking for an explanation of what he characterized as "widespread criticism." Secretary Tumulty advised Dr. McGuire that the files of the State Department failed to disclose any official record of a single proven case of outrages upon nuns, and he included in his letter a statement by the Catholic vicar general at Mexico City, which while disclosing the shooting of priests, and the expulsion and imprisonment of others, declared there had been no violations of nuns in that district.

Secretary Tumulty said in all wars the horrors of the conflict have been kept alive by those on the losing side, but that it should be the duty of all citizens of both the United States and Mexico to contribute in every manner to the early rehabilitation of the nation so long torn by civil strife and to avoid keeping open the wounds. "Counsel and sympathy are needful and would be merciful now, because they would be of wonderful efficacy in uniting the people of Mexico in the work of reconstruction wrote Mr. Tumulty. "Efforts to arouse rancorous feelings among them will have the effect of opening anew the wounds which should be healed and of creating an open sore to torture that poor people as long as their minds are kept inflamed against their brethren."

The secretary also called attention to the recognition of President Juarez by the Buchanan administration following "the bloodiest of all civil wars ever waged in Mexico," marked by "all the bitterness and cruelties of a religious war." Emphasis was laid on the recognition of Carranza by the Latin American countries which joined in the Pan-American peace conferences. All of these Latin American countries, Mr. Tumulty pointed out, were Catholic nations.

Finally, a statement was reproduced which was given the State Department by Eliseo Arredondo, the Washington representative of General Carranza, last October, pledging the Carranza government to respect everybody's "life, property and religious beliefs." Secretary Tumulty inclosed in his message, a letter written by former secretary Bryan last March to Rev. Francis C. Kelley, of Chicago, giving in detail various steps taken by the United States government during the progress of the revolution in Mexico to protect the representatives of all religious organizations in Mexico. It previously has been published.

Read Star Business Locals.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. $90.25

On sale until November 30th, limited 3 months, not to exceed Dec. 31st, 1915.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, or any information, call 'phone 178, or apply to Agent.

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OPEN TO ALL

The opportunity to obtain property and attain financial success is open to all thrifty people. The savings of the pennies and small change put into this bank soon grows into dollars.

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Deposits made now and through the 2nd draw interest from the 1st. Your account whether it be small or large will be welcomed here.

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Corner Front & Chestnut Street — Home Bank Building.

WRITE US TODAY

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Cook Stoves, Ranges and Heating Stoves

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FIRE DOGS, FIRE FENDERS, SHOVELS AND TONGS, AND FIRE PLACE GRATES.

Cold Weather Will Soon be on us, so Don't Delay in Preparing to Furnish Your Trade With Cold Weather Necessities.

A Complete Stock. Orders Filled Promptly.

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WHOLESALE HARDWARE

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ENGINES, BOILERS, SHAFTING PULLEYS, HANGERS, PIPE, BEAMS, ANGLES, IRON AND STEEL OF ALL KINDS

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We Buy and Dismantle Cotton Mills, Oil Mills, Saw Mills, and Any Machinery Not in Use.

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ORANGE AND WATER STS. "THE IRON MEN"

What SHALL I Give for Christmas?

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MAKE THE MOST ACCEPTABLE GIFTS.

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THE SCRUPULOUSLY CLEAN WORK BOARDS, SINKS AND SYRUP JARS, PLUS LIGGETT'S FRUIT SYRUPS, BOUILLONS, ETC., SCIENTIFICALLY PREPARED AND DISPENSED, MAKE OURS THE CLEANEST DRUG STORE SODA FOUNTAIN IN THE CITY.

LAST INSPECTION, 94 PER CENT SANITARY.

ELVINGTON and Dependable MINTZ Druggists

Buy at Home

Following out the "Rotary" idea, Mr. Moore and his committee insist that the money that stays in Wilmington is the only money that really helps build the city. That being the case, patronize the

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

The Only Oil Company in the City Whose Money Remains in Wilmington.

COTTON STORAGE

We now have space to Store Cotton, and are prepared to Issue Bonded Warehouse Receipts therefor

W. B. THORPE & CO.

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ARCHITECT

Rm. 29 Carroll Building.

What Kind of Flour Do You Use?

Do you know? Or don't know? Most people Don't. Well, there are lots of different kinds of Flour. Some bad, some worse; some good, some better. But—there is Only One Best. That is

Larabee's Best Flour

There is now a car of this High Grade Flour in Town for distribution. Ask your merchant to send you a sack. If he hasn't got it, ask him to get it. If he will not, 'phone the other fellow, he will.

Yes, it is most time to make Xmas Cake. But there is no use to worry now. Turn all your worry over Cake-Baking and All Baking into Real Pleasure by using

Larabee's Best Flour

While it is so easy to get perfect results using this Pure, Nutritious, Sanitary and Wholesome Flour, it is also MORE ECONOMICAL, Because it has from Twenty to Twenty-Five Per Cent More Strength, and a Sweet, Rich, Nutty Flavor, which makes it unnecessary to use so many High-Priced Eggs.

Besides, it Takes Less Flour for Same Results.

Only an actual trial will convince you. Don't fail to grasp this opportunity of using the Only Best

Larabee's Best Flour

Made by the LARABEE FLOUR MILLS CO., Hutchinson, Kans.

F. E. HASHAGEN CO., DISTRIBUTORS Wilmington, N. C.

500 dozen Mullet Roe.
200 bags Head Rice.
200 bags Rose Rice.
150 bags Broken Rice.
200 bags Coffee.
Complete Line Groceries.
Orders Solicited.

SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Wholesale Grocers.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

Pursuant to a power of sale contained in one certain mortgage given by D. M. Beardsley and wife, Sarah E. Beardsley, to H. A. Burr, Jr., on August 13, 1914, and duly recorded in Book 78, page 402, Public Records of New Hanover County, and assigned by the said mortgagee to the Standard Supply Company, default having been made in the payment of the notes secured by said mortgage, the undersigned will, on Monday, the 20th day of December, 1915, at 12:00 o'clock, M., at the Court House door, in Wilmington, North Carolina, offer for sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described pieces, parcels or lots of land, located in Harnett Township, New Hanover County, and bounded and described as follows:

First Tract—Being lot No. 2, Block A, on the Revised Map of Seagate Park, and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the western line of Myrtle Avenue, seven hundred and four (704) feet northwardly from its intersection with the northern line of Bradley's Creek Macadam Road, said point being south 30 degrees west about three hundred and fifty (350) feet from high water mark of west side of Bradley's Creek, runs thence south 30 degrees west and along said western line of Myrtle Avenue fifty-four (54) feet to a point in the northern line of Lot No. Six (6) in said Block, runs thence north 61 degrees west and parallel with Bradley's Creek Road one hundred and ninety-three (193) feet and eight (8) inches, thence north 30 degrees east and parallel with Myrtle avenue fifty-four (54) feet; thence south 61 degrees east and parallel with Bradley's Creek Road one hundred and ninety-three (193) feet and eight (8) inches, to the western line of Myrtle Avenue, the beginning.

Second Tract—Being Lot No. 4, Block A, according to Revised Map of Seagate Park, recorded in Book 65, at page 465 of the Records of New Hanover County, aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the easterly line of a tract of land now or formerly belonging to Gertrude J. Howell, said point being located north 30 degrees E. 715 feet from the northerly line of Bradley's Creek Road, and running thence north 30 degrees E. 377 feet, more or less, to high water mark, or west side of Bradley's or Lee's Creek; thence in a southeastwardly direction along said high water mark of said creek fifty-eight (58) feet to the northwestern corner of Lot No. 3, in said Block; thence south 30 degrees west along the western line of said Lot No. 3, 362 feet, to the southwest corner of said lot No. 3, and thence north 61 degrees west fifty-two and two-tenths (52.2) feet to the beginning, together with nelessary right of way as granted in deed from A. W. Pate and wife to S. W. Sebrell, dated April 30, 1909, duly recorded in Book 58, at page 268 of the Records of said County.

Said sale being made subject to a first mortgage for approximately $450.00, given by H. A. Burr, Jr., and wife, to the Rural Building and Loan Association and recorded in Book 58, page 572.

This the 15th day of November, 1915.

STANDARD SUPPLY COMPANY, Assignee of Mortgage.

no 15-26d

J. B. McCABE

Certified Public Accountant

Room 815 Murch. Nat. Bank Bldg.

Phone 926 WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. L. BECTON

CIVIL ENGINEER

17-23 I. O. O. F. Bldg.

N. W. Cor. 3rd and Princess.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

'Phone 1494-W. P. O. Box 584.

WILMINGTON DISTRICT TO MAKE GOOD REPORT

Methodist Church Finances Remarkably Good.

Presiding Elder L. E. Thompson Has Successful Year—Full Reports Expected From All Local Churches to Conference.

All the Wilmington District especially the churches in the city of Wilmington will have good reports to make at the North Carolina Methodist conference which convenes in Grace Methodist church Wednesday morning with Bishop John C. Kilgo, of Charlotte, presiding.

Rev. L. E. Thompson, presiding elder of the Wilmington District, will have the pleasure of reporting that this has been a very successful year in his district from all standpoints. He will report that the finances have been remarkably good in spite of the hard times, war scare, and other things to cause financial depression. In all the churches, he will report that the services have been well attended during the year and that many new members have been received into the congregations.

One of four new churches was orfianized at Haw Branch, on the Jacksonville-Richland circuit; one on the Kenansville circuit; one at Belgrade, on the Onslow circuit; and one at Winter Park A new church building was completed at New Berlin and the construction begun on one each at Chadbourn, Hallsboro and Mount Tabor.

There are 22 charges on the Wilmington District and Presiding Elder Thompson is required to visit each one four times during the year.

Grace Methodist church, which is host of the conference, is closing a successful year. Rev. J. D. Bundy, the able pastor, is closing his third year as pastor of the church and it is most likely that he will be given another year there, which is the limit according to the Methodist ruling. Rev. Mr. Bundy will report that the attendance at services has been good all the year and that 87 new members have been enrolled. The Sunday school enrollment has increased more than 100 during the past year, making it 547 now. The Epworth League and Missionary societies have also done splendid work. The financial report is expected to be about the same as last year.

The work at Bladen Street church has been making much progress, with probably the Sunday school in the lead, to which work special emphasis has been given during the year. Among other improvements, there are now 12 class rooms for the Sunday school, where before there was but one, and two of the rooms are arranged for league meetings.

Fifth Avenue church will have a report to make of which both the pastor and congregation should feel proud. The pastor, Rev. A. J. Parker, stated last night that the Fifth Avenue Epworth League is the banner league in the state, both in membership and in amount of collections, nearly $1,300 having been raised for charity during the past year. He will report that 60 new members have been received into the church, that the Sunday school has increased in numbers, work and efficiency. While the financial report is in the making, it is practically certain that the report will be full.

Rev. W. V. McRae, pastor of Trinity church, will have the honor of reporting that his church has enjoyed a most successful year, in all departments. Rev. Mr. McRae has led his people in much progress and they are planning bigger things next year.

—Clara James, colored, was arrested yesterday by Policeman J. O. Bullard, on a charge of stealing bed spreads from Blanche Bryant. She will appear today in the Recorder's court.

MISSION AT ST. JAMES CHURCH

Conducted by Dr. Clark, of Chattanooga, Tenn.—Begins Next Sunday —Nation-Wide Movement.

The mission to be held, beginning next Sunday, December 5, at St. James' Episcopal church, corner of Third and Market streets, in charge of Rev. Dr. Loaring Clark, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, of Chattanooga, Tenn., is, according to the action of the General Convention of the Episcopal church of 1913, when it made the call for Nation-Wide Preaching Missions in the churches throughout the United States, in an effort to hold evangelistic services in every Episcopal church in the country.

The object of these services is to quicken the spiritual life and to revive evangelistic methods in the churches, which have largely fallen into disuse in recent years in the Episcopal church, for the lack of men trained in evangelistic work, it is stated. Most of these missions are conducted by men with charges, but as far as possible, with special gift in this kind of work and with some training along this line.

Rev. Dr. Clark, who is to conduct this mission at St. James church, has had special training and wide experience in conducting a mission of this kind. He is a preacher of rare charm and great simplicity and directness of speech. He preaches in the narrative style that is so attractive to the average untrained listener, and deals largely in illustrations applicable to the Gospel messages, that are markedly practical.

He will conduct a series of lectures on Bible subjects at afternoon services, mainly for women. While the night services will be evangelistic.

The music for the occasion will be a special feature and will be furnished by the chorus choir, consisting of the regular vested choir, assisted by the St. John's choir and other musical people of the city, who can be secured. Each night service will begin with a 15-minute sacred song service, after which there will be an informal service, including a sermon, the sermon being the main feature.

Every effort is being made to interest the whole community in this special week of services and Christian people of any name are urgently requested to lend aid in prayer and personal influence to make the influence of this mission as far reaching as possible.

WORLD NEEDS MISSIONARIES

"Men of Compassion for Work, Rather Than Fields, Is the Need," Says Dr. McClure.

"There is a greater necessity for men of compassion for work, than for fields for their endeavors," said Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, yesterday at the morning service. Among the many other heathen countries, the African continent has just within the past few years been opened to the world with its vast millions of populations of people to whom the Christian religion is unknown.

A great majority of these people live as barbarians, who are in deep need of help of the enlightened world that has learned many of the lessons of good living from the teachings of Christ.

These people are to the Christian people as Christ saw the world in his time, "Sheep without a shepherd." In their ignorance they need a leader, and there is no use of an enlightened American pleading ignorance about this matter. The misisonary classes are being taught in every city in the land, and ignorance is only one way of showing indifference and lack of care.

Dr. McClure used for his text the 38th verse of the Ninth chapter of the Gospel acording to St. Matthew, which reads, "Pray ye, therefore, the lord of the harvest, that he send forth laborers into the harvest." After picturing the great need of men for missionary work, and for interest in the work of bringing the Gospel to the vast multitudes, who haven't the knowledge necessary to bring it to themselves, Dr. McClure made an interesting analysis of prayer and its value to mortals. Beside the natural interest it develops in the person praying, he cited many instances where he believed that prayer had been answered, even unknown to the one who prayed.

He told of a man who spent a very consecrated life leaving a diary that was read after his death. In the diary were recorded his prayers for many deserving men and institutions, which when compared to actual history of these objects of his prayers were found to have coincided with remarkable prosperity that followed in each object.

As a conclusion Dr. McClure said men must not simply pass by the sufferer and feel sorry for him, but must feel with him and give tangible expression of these feelings. A striking example was shown in the compassion of the good Samaritan, who found the wounded man on the roadside. The priests, posing as good men, had passed by and appeared to feel sorry that the man had been wounded, but gave no expression of their sorrow in action that would make the wounds any the easier to bear.

The preaching services at St. Andrews' are always well attended and the pastor is always prepared for the occasion with a good sermon.

BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION

Plans to Honor General Lee Next January 19th—Committees Are Named

General James I. Metts, commander of Cape Fear Camp, United Confederate Veterans, has appointed a committee, consisting of Capt. W. G. McRae, Messrs. Geo. W. Huggins and A. W. Watson, to represent Cape Fear Camp in arranging for the celebration of General Robert Edward Lee's birthday, January 19th.

A similar committee will be appointed from the Daughters of the Confederacy to co-operate with the foregoing committee to make the arrangements for the ceremonies.

Assaulted With a Brick.

Mr. Mitchell Williams made complaint yesterday to the police that he had been assaulted with a deadly weapon, to wit, a brick, and made due oath to same, upon which a warrant was sworn out and soon Policeman S. H. Fulford came in with George Simpson, colored, the alleged assailant. The defendant gave bond for his appearance in the Recorder's court this morning.

HANDLING CHRISTMAS MAIL

Postoffice Department Already Making Preparation for Record Volume —Urges Co-Operation.

Postmaster H. McL. Green has received instructions from Washington to perfect arrangements for handling the Christmas mail, and it is expected that the number of parcels this year will be greatly in excess of those mailed during the holiday season of 1914, when the Postoffice Department successfully handled the largest volume of package mail ever known.

A question of vital interest to the patrons is having their parcels delivered on or before Christmas day, and the local office stands ready to assist in every way to accomplish this end, but it can only be done through co-operation.

If the public will remember and carry out, the following suggestions, Postmaster Green believes that all Christmas gifts will be in the hands of old Santa Claus in ample time for his general delivery the night before Christmas.

1. Mail your Christmas presents early and mark on each package, "Not to be opened until Christmas," or some similar inscription.

3. Address your parcels clearly, giving street and number, and always put name and address of the sender in the upper left hand corner of address side.

3. Bring your parcels to the main office to be rated, and remember that they may be insured at a very small cost. Three cents (3c) is the fee for parcels not exceeding $5 in value.

4. If you have a large number of packages to insure, call by the postoffice and ask for a sufficient supply of insurance tags in order that they may be filled out and attached to the parcels before you offer them for mailing. This will save you time.

Fall Lectures to Y. M. H. A.

The first of the Fall lectures by Rev. Dr. Mendelsohn and Rev. Mr. Kadushin, to the Young Men's Hebrew Association, in the rooms of the association, over the A. David Company's store., was largely attended last night and greatly appreciated by those present. "Judaism" was the subject, and the lectures were very strong and interesting. H. Land is president of the association, and H. Jaffe secretary.

BAPTIST STATE CONVENTION

Charlotte Will Entertain 85th Annual Session Week of December 5 —Good Local Reports.

Each of the three Wilmington Baptist churches will have splendid reports to make before the 85th annual session of the Baptist State Convention, which is to be held in Charlotte the week beginning December 5.

Rev. Dr. C. H. Durham, pastor of Brown Memorial church, Winston-Salem, is president of the convention and will call it to order Tuesday night, December 7, and it will hold sessions for several days. Delegates representing 2,100 organized Baptist churches in the State will be in attendance.

Charlotte is adopting the Harvard plan of entertainment, which it is thought will be entirely satisfactory. By this plan the ministers and delegates will be given lodging and breakfast in the various homes of the city, and in order that the women can attend the services, the visitors will have to look out for themselves elsewhere for dinner and supper.

The report from the First Baptist church of this city, for the year ending October 1, which will be made by Rev. W. Marshall Craig, the acting pastor, promises to be very gratifying.

The total membership of this church, which includes its missions at Delgado, Castle Haynes and Farmer's, is 1,307. The total membership of the Wilmington church Sunday school is 700 and the average atendance was 350. The Baptist Young People's Union for the year totaled 77. During the year there were 129 members added to the church as follows: Received by baptism, 69; by letter, 56; by restoration to membership, 4. There were 73 members lost by death, letter and exclusion, which gives a net gain of 56 members.

The church has contributed to the poor, education and church expenses $1v,958.57. The final report of the church for the past year has been exceptionally good in spite of the abnormal conditions that have existed throughout the country.

Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor of Calvary Baptist, also has a report that shows up well for both pastor and congregation. It shows that during the year ending October 1 there were a total of 53 new members added to the church, 34 by baptism, 17 by letter and two by restoration, there were lost during the same period, 26, 21 by letter and five by death, which shows a net gain of 37. The total church membership at the close of the past year was 450.

The Sunday school is in charge of Superintendent J. W. Hollis. The membership has been 250, with an average attendance of 200. There were 21 conversions from the Sunday school to the church and $133 was contributed by the school to the Thomasville Orphanage.

The B. Y. P. U. of this church carried the banner over several hundred State unions for efficiency in all lines of work.

There has been conducted a weekly teachers training class of which there are 20 members, both young ladies and men. Much emphasis has been given to the boys' work in the Sunday school. A Calvary Boys' club was organized and good work is being done by it.

The financial report of the church was most gratifying the church collections for the past year amounted to $2,476, and the total indebtedness was paid.

Southside Baptist church has been fortunate in having their pastor, Rev. G. W. Hall, this year in their work of building a new church. Besides this activity, the church has made substantial growth, which is to be appreciated the more when it is known that the pastor has had to devote so much of his time to the matter of the new house in which to worship. The report for the year ending October 1 shows there were 52 new members joined this congregation, either by baptism, letter or restoration, which brought the total church membership up to 514.

The Sunday school has done excellent work during the past 12 months, many new members being received, making the total enrollment 350, with a high average atendance. The collections of the church amounted to $3,502.65, which is an exceptionally good report in face of the general hard times.

FRIGHTENED WOULD-BE BURGLAR

Mr. E. C. Dixon Catches Man Coming Through Back Window.

It takes a clever robber to get away under the beam of an electric flash light when the man with the flashlight has a gun in his hand, but that is what occurred Saturday night at No. 19 South Ninth street when Mr. E. C. Dixon found that someone was trying to make an entrance into his residence through a back window.

The man had gone to the woodshed and taken the axe to pry off the linings that held the window sash. He had succeeded in opening the window, but the noise aroused Mr. Dixon, who got his gun and flashlight and made an attempt to "get" the intruder, but when the flashlight was turned on him the would-be burglar ran away.

It was also reported that someone tried to make an entrance at the residence of Mr. O. A. Durant, No. 17 South Ninth street, but failed in the attempt.

LONE OFFICER GETS EIGHT

Constable J. H. Davis Walked Upon White men in Crap Game

"It's too late to run now, boys," was the way Constable J. H. Davis put an "interesting" game of craps to an end, yesterday afternoon near Spring Branch, at the end of Sixth street in the southern part of the city. Eight young men from the southern part of town were all in an alleged game of craps that was so interesting that Mr. Davis walked right up to them, carrying his baby in his arms, he just being on a stroll and not thinking of running down offenders.

The gentlemen were taken into custody and recognized for their appearance before Justice Harriss this morning at 10 o'clock.

MR. C. T. McDONALD HERE.

Son Succeeds to Business of His Father in Stocks and Bonds.

In the city yesterday, from Raleigh, N. C., was Mr. C. T. McDonald, who has succeeded his father in the well-established stocks and bonds business in the state capital. Mr. McDonald is already enjoying a large clientele all over the State, and he is rapidly laying the foundations for an even larger business than that conducted by his late father.

In the advertising columns of today's paper, Mr. McDonald quotes a number of very interesting and attractive investments, while he is always in the market for securities of a wholesome and sound nature.

THE FEAST OF DEDICATION

Special Services in Temple of Israel Next Sunday Afternoon in Observance of Hanukkah.

Hanukkah, the Jewish Feast of Dedication, begins next Sunday and will extend over a period of eight days. Special services will be conducted in the Temple of Israel by Dr. S. Mendelsohn, the rabbi, on next Sunday afternoon. There will be no other special services at the Temple. The following relative to the significance of the day has been sent out by the Jewish Holidays Press Notice Bureau:

The account of its origin is set forth in the Books of the Maccabees. The Syrian king, Antiochus Epiphanes, had determined to unify all the peoples of his kingdom. To accomplish this he believed it necessary to compel all to adopt a common religion. The Jews were his political subjects. Their monotheism and distinctive religious practices based upon the Bible were in sharp contrast to his religion, a form of paganism originally imported from Greece. "Judaism must be destroyed." became the watchword of the Syrian court. In 168 B. C. the royal command went forth that shrines and altars be erected for idol worship. Jewish rites and practices were interdicted. The sacred writings wherever found were destroyed. Direct persecutions were visited upon the faithful. As a climax in the campaign to extinguish the Jewish Faith, the altar in the Temple at Jerusalem was profaned. Syrian soldiers offered up sacrifices to Zeus Olympus. These drastic measures aroused the Jews to revolt. Judas Maccabees were appointed leader by his father Mattathias. After three years of successful warfare against the Syrians, Judas was in a position to dedicate a new altar at Jerusalem, the festivities in connection with the dedication lasting eight days. To commemorate this event, "Judas and his brethren and the whole congregation of Israel ordained that the dedication of the altar should be kept in their seasons from year to year by the space of eight days from the 25th day of Kislev with gladness and joy." This festival is also known as the "Feast of Lights," probably because burning lamps and torches in the ancient Temple and home, were used to celebrate.

The distinctive ceremonial feature of this festival today is the kindling of lights in the home and in the synagogue; one on the first evening, the number being increased by one on each consecutive evening, until eight lights are lit on the last evening of the festival. Special prayers inspired by the historic event commemorating the triumph of monotheism over heathenism, of the forces of light over the forces of darkness are recited. Special scriptural portions are read in the synagogue. The festival does not call for cessation from labor and is therefore regarded as one of the two minor feasts in the Jewish calendar. In modern times children's festivals, in which the story and significance of the feast are recounted, have become a marked feature in the celebration of the Feast of Dedication.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS

Civil Service Examinations Announced for December and January.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces a number of examinations for positions in the government service to be held in this city during the next two months. Detailed information as to these examinations may be had by addressing the secretary of the local board of examiners. Among the examinations are the following:

December 6—Lay inspector in the Bureau of Animal Industry at salary of $840 per annum.

December 8-9—Marine engine and boiler draftsman, machinery division of the U. S. Navy Yard at New York at $5.04 per day. Assistant in metabolism investigations, U. S. Public Health Service for duty in the field, at salary of $1,500 per year.

December 14—Pulp and paper engineer, Forest Products Laboratory, Madison, Wis., at salary of $3,500 per year.

December 21.—Marine Engine draftsman for Submarines, inspector of machinery, Fore River Ship Building Co., Quincy, Mass., at $5.04 per day. Cooks in the Indian Service, California, New Mexico and South Dakota, at $500 per year.

January 5-6—Field Agent, under the Bureau of Crop Estimates, Department of Agriculture, in North Carolina, at salary of $1,600 per year.

January 11—Plant pathologist in citrus fruit diseases in the Bureau of Plant Industry, Washington, D. C., at a salary of from $2,520 to $3,000 per year.

January 15—Laboratory aid in Hygienic Laboratory, Washington, D. C., at salary of $840 per year.

January 19-20—Junior Engineer in Water Resources branch, Geological Survey, at from $1,080 to $1,200 per year. Laboratory aid and engineer at Madison, Wis., at salary of $900 per year.

HOW TO GAIN FLESH

Remarkable Statement of a Woman Who Was Nothing But Skin and Bones.

Laugh and grow fat is a homely saying, but Mrs. Elizabeth L. Morris, of Hammond, La., tells of a more reliable method. She says:—

"I cannot say enough in praise of Vinol, for it saved my life. I was weak, nervous, run-down, could not sleep, was unfit for work, and was nothing but skin and bones. Three doctors had all failed to help me. One day I saw Vinol advertised, took courage and bought a bottle, and it soon made me feel better. I continued its use and such a change! I have regained my strength, flesh and health, am perfectly well, and the doctor was surprised to see such a change in me in such a short time." Elizabeth Morris, Hammond, La.

The reason Vinol proved such a wonderful strength creator in Mrs. Morris' case was because of the peptonate of iron, beef peptone and the extractives of fresh cod livers, without oil, combined in a pure native tonic wine, which makes Vinol a most wonderful tonic.

Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

No. Six-Sixty-Six

This is a prescription prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel and does not gripe or sicken. 25c

Deposited With

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 2nd

Your Savings will draw Interest from December 1st and you will receive credit for Four Months' Interest on April 1st.
Don't wait for the New Year to start your account—begin now and close the old year with something to your credit in The People's.

4% COMPOUNDED QUARTERLY PAID ON ACCOUNTS.

F. W. DICK, President.
M. J. CORBETT, Vice President.
H. C. McQUEEN, Comptroller.
J. HOLMES DAVIS, Cashier.
J. H. GERDES, Assistant Cashier.

NOTICE

DEC. 1st--2nd

Our Regular Interest Quarter will begin December 1st. All deposits made on or before Thursday, Dec. 2nd, will receive interest **in three months,** at our March 1st Quarter.

Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

Oldest 110 Princess Street Largest

BELK BROS.

TOY DEPARTMENT

—TO OPEN—

TUESDAY

Toys of every kind and character, Foreign and Domestic, for young folks of all ages.

Some of these are from the Gaylord Stock and will be put on the market at very low prices, while others are the very newest domestic novelties and have just reached us.

All are conveniently displayed on third floor. Open Tuesday 8:30.

BELK BROTHERS

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Miss Lillian Seesoms, of Stedman, spent yesterday as a guest at Hotel Wilmington.

* * *

Miss Bessie Powell, of Wananish, was a visitor in the city a guest at Hotel Wilmington.

* * *

Miss Lucile Page delightfully entertained the members of the High School Orchestra last Friday night at the home of her parents, Mr and Mrs. W. O. Page, at Audubon.

* * *

The many friends of Mrs. N. L. Trembley wil be glad to know that she is rapidly recovering from the operation she underwent at the James Walker Memorial Hospital last Thursday morning.

* * *

The Education Committee of Sorosis is requested to meet this afternoon at 3:15 o'clock with the Social Service Committee at the home of the chairman, Mrs. E. M. Gregg, No. 317 Princess street. Important matters pertaining to the moonlight schools will receive attention, and a full attendance is desired.

* * *

DELIGHTFUL ROOK PARTY IS GIVEN BY MRS. W. L. HILL

Warsaw, N. C., Nov. 28.—The most brilliant social event of the Thanksgiving season was the rook party given by Mrs. W. L. Hill at her home Saturday afternoon from three till five o'clock. Decorations of autumn leaves and chrysanthemums were utilized in the reception hall, library, and parlor where the nine tables for progressive rook were placed. A table in the hall at which Miss Sallie Hill served punch, was effectively covered with crepe paper decorated with turkeys, pumpkins, etc. The score cards were Thanksgiving emblems. The call for scores after the game, gave the club prize, a pack of rook cards, to Mrs. James H. Pierce; the guest prize, a box of bonbons in shape of turkey, to Mrs. Fitzhugh Wallace, and the consolation, a memorandum book, to Mrs. S. R. Flowers. The tables were then spread with covers of crepe paper ornamented with the season's emblems, and a course of refreshments, consisting of syllabub, cake, and mints were served by the hostess, assisted by Misses Annie Ross Williams and Bettie Cox, with miniature turkeys for souvenirs. The out of town guests included: Misses Bessie and Katharine Robinson of Fayetteville; Mesdames Marshall Williams, Carlton Weatherby, Bettie Hill, and Laura Murphey Faison, of Faison; Mrs. Fitzhugh Wallace, of Kenansville; Miss Fannie Noel, of Lexington, Miss.; Miss Clements, of Mocksville, N. C.; Douglas Hand, of Burgaw, and Florine Seckinger, of Savannah, Ga.

CAPTAIN CANTWELL IS HERE

Once a Resident and Former Executive Officer of Cutter Colfax, Here After Long Absence.

Wilmington is a different city from what it was the last time Capt. J. C. Cantwell was here, according to a statement made by him last night. Captain Cantwell was born and reared in Wilmington and has many friends among the older people here.

He was for many years Executive Officer on the United States Revenue cutter Colfax, which patrolled the waters near this port before the assignment was made for the latter day cutters, but for about a quarter of a century he has been in the cutter service in Alaska and was unable to visit the home of his boyhood days.

The many remarks he made yesterday while being shown over the city by his host, Mr. F. L. Huggins, No. 7 South Fourth street, showed that he was well pleased to see his old home town on a boom and making rapid progress along the line of commercial development. Captain Cantwell came to the city in company with Mr. L. J. Dexter, a retired business man, of Detroit, Mich., who was here for his first visit.

Captain Cantwell spent many of the early years of his life as inspector of the Seventh Life Saving District, which included Wilmington and brought him here occasionally. He says Wilmington had been in his mind during the long years he spent in the far North, but it had never shown up so much development, and he is actually astonished.

Friends of his younger days will be glad to hear that Captain Cantwell will be in position to visit Wilmington often, as he is now stationed at Newbern as commanding officer of the cutter Pamlico.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Police doing were taking holiday form at headquarters Saturday night, a total of 14 arrests having been made during the day and night.

—Two young white boys, charged with obstructing the sidewalk, on Castle, between Sixth and Seventh streets, were arrested last night by Policeman S. H. Fulford and recognized for their appearance before the Recorder this morning. They were "skylarking" on the sidewalk in such a way as to make it unpleasant for pedestrians going that way, said the officer.

—Walter Carver, colored, was arrested Saturday night by Policeman J. F. Jordan, charged with obtaining money under false pretence. He was formerly employed as a driver for Farris' Bakery and after being discharged, he continued to make the rounds of the customers of the bakery, attempting to collect the money due for bread as delivered for the day.

JESUS THE CENTER OF ALL

Theme of Forceful Sermon by Dr. Edward S. Alderman at First Baptist Church Last Night.

Jesus Christ as the center of all—of the world, past, present and future; of the human life—was the theme of an interesting and forceful sermon delivered by Rev. Edward Sinclair Alderman, D.D., before a large congregation at the First Baptist church last night. Dr. Alderman arrived in the city Saturday night to visit his mother, Mrs. Alfred Alderman. He is pastor of the First Baptist church of Spartanburg, S. C., but was born and raised in Wilmington. He reminded his congregation last night that it was in the First Baptist church of this city that he professed religion and was ordained to preach the gospel.

In his sermon, which was heard with close attention, Dr. Alderman presented Jesus Christ as the center of creation, the center of history, of Christendom, of philanthropy, of revelation, of redemption, and of Heaven. Speaking of Christ as the center of history, he pointed out that this truth is recognized in the fact that all the world's history dates backward or forward from the birth of Jesus; that in every letter we write we use the date based on the number of years since that world event.

"No man can write a history of the world," declared the speaker, "and leave Jesus Christ out of it. It can't be done."

While Jesus was not an author, said Dr. Alderman, he was the inspiration of literature that will live through all ages and has had more influence in shaping the world's history than any other ever written; while he was not an architect, he was the inspiration for temples and cathedrals that constitute some of the world's greatest specimens of the architects' art; while he was not an artist, he was the inspiration for some of the greatest paintings the world has seen. Go to the world's greatest art galleries today and take from them all the works that relate in one way or another, directly or indirectly, to Jesus Christ, and little of greatness would be left among the treasures, Said Dr. Alderman. While Christ was not a musician, he was the inspiration for much of the world's greatest masterpieces in music. Such composers as Schubert, Mendelssohn, Handel and others, caught the inspiration from the life of Jesus Christ that enabled them to write some of their greatest pieces—masterpieces which the world never tires of hearing.

Speaking of Jesus Christ as the center of redemption, Dr. Alderman declared that he is the center not only of the redemption of the souls of men and women, but that he must be the center of all social reform.

The Metropolitan Grand Quartette which will be heard at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church next Thursday night as the third number of the Brotherhood Lyceum Course.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. J. A. Rose, of Charlotte, was among yesterday's guests at The Orton.

—Miss Mary Dosher, of Southport, was a visitor to the city yesterday, a guest at The Orton.

—Mr. R. S. Rose, who is seriously ill at the James Walker Memorial Hospital, is reported to be slightly better.

—Judge C. C. Lyon, of Elizabethtown, spent yesterday here on his way to open Halifax Superior Court this week. He was a guest at The Orton.

—Graham Kenan, Esq., left Saturday night for Washington, D. C., Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, Pa., and other Northern cities on a business trip.

—Messrs. J. C. Shepard and F. H. McCullough, of the Shepard Chemical Company, of this city, left Saturday for an extended business trip in the North.

—The following North Carolinians were registered at Hotel Wilmington yesterday: H. C. Land, Charlotte; H. M. Hodges, Kinston; D. M. Jones, Rocky Mount; Leon L. Motte, Burgaw.

—Mr. N. C. Mincy, of Rocky Mount, spent yesterday with his brother, Mr. A. L. Mincy, in the city, and also visited his hog and poultry farm down the Cape Fear river, near Ready Point.

—Messrs. William Rourk and Wilbur King returned to the city yesterday after having spent a few days with Mr. Rourk's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Rourk, at their home at Shallotte.

—The following North Carolinians were registered at The Orton yesterday: E. J. Hill and J. F. Woodward, Warsaw; B. F. Keith, Keith; W. D. Carstarphen, Plymouth; J. A. Rose, Charlotte; O. F. Powell and E. F. Powell, Whiteville; Henry M. Wilson and C. H. McIntosh, Raleigh; T. B. Sugg, Bolton.

JOINT MISSION OPENED WITH LARGE ATTENDANCE

First Sermon of Nation-Wide Preaching Mission by Rev. Mr. Heald.

The joint mission of St. John's and St. Paul's Episcopal churches, which was opened last evening at St. John's church, Rev. E. deF. Heald, rector of St. Paul's church, preaching the opening sermon, was well attended. A most important feature of the opening was the short talk by Rev. Mr. Heald, telling the congregation the meaning and intention of these missions.

Holy Communion was announced for 7:30 A. M. today. The evening prayer was announced for 4 o'clock this afternoon, and the evening service and sermon will begin at 7:45 o'clock this evening.

In his talk of instructions, Rev. Mr. Heald gave three of the main purposes of the mission: First—What Do I Need from God? Second—What Need Has God for Me? Third—There is Reality in the Service and Worship of God.

A question box was placed in the church, in which those wishing to ask any questions may put them, but the most important use of the box will be for those who wish special prayers in their benefit, in which case they are asked to put their names in the box.

The text for the sermon was taken from the Fourth chapter and 12th verse of Amos, and reads: "Prepare to Meet Thy God." Under this, Rev. Mr. Heald gave a profound discourse on the side of intellectual, spiritual and devotional preparation to meet God. He told of many ways in which people are deluded and urged prayer as the big force to remove delusions.

BROTHERHOOD LYCEUM COURSE

Metropolitan Grand Quartette at St. Andrew's Church Thursday.

The Metropolitan Grand Quartette, the third number of the Brotherhood Lyceum course, will be given in the Memorial hall of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church Thursday evening of this week at 8:30 o'clock.

In offering this quartette for its second Lyceum season, the Affiliated Lyceum Bureaus are satisfied that the best quartette of male singers the Lyceum has known in many years is being presented. These four men can sing, both individually, in solo and collectively as a quartette. Each voice is a great voice. Each has had extensive experience in part singing so that their voices blend almost perfectly and splendid ensemble effects are the result.

The Metropolitan Quartette appeared in this city last year and the management feels confident in recommending it this number as one of the best lyceum numbers that has ever been given in this city.

Reserved seats will be on sale at Munson & Co., Front street, Thursday, from 9 a. m. until 6 p. m. Season tickets must be shown when reserving seats.

SERMON FOR JUNIORS.

Rev. W. R. Noe Has Large Congregation for This Annual Affair.

The Church of the Good Shepherd was filled to the doors last night, when the annual sermon was preached to the Junior Order of United American Mechanics and the Daughters of Liberty.

Rev. W. R. Noe, rector of the church, chose the fitting subject, "Liberty," for his discourse. All those in attendance were well pleased with the sermon. The attendance at this annual affair, under the auspices of the Junior Order, has grown steadily, until now it is impossible to get all those in attendance seated in the ordinary church auditorium.

Many Attend From Here When Mr. J. O. Ormsby Was Laid to Rest.
FUNERAL AT ASHTON

The funeral of Mr. J. O. Ormsby, whose death occurred Froday night at his home here, was conducted yesterday at Pike Creek church, at Ashton, by Rev. T. G. Vickers, pastor of Bladen Street Methodist church, of this city. The body was laid to rest in the Pike Creek church cemetery.

The body was taken to Ashton on the 7:40 train yesterday morning, and was accompanied by between 20 and 25 Wilmington people, who went to attend the funeral. The U. C. V. of which the deceased was a member, escorted the body to the train.

Married by Rev. W. R. Noe.

Mr. W. C. Reville, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Reville, of this city, and Miss Ada Reynolds, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Enos Reynolds, of Brunswick county, were married last night at the home of the groom's parents, corner of Second and Kidder streets, Rev. W. R. Noe, rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, officiating. The couple will make their home in this city.

Nearing Completion.

The handsome new Presbyterian church at Winter Park is nearing completion. A meeting is to be held there conducted by Rev. O. G. Jones, one of the Synodical evangelists, in January. The spring meeting of Wilmington Presbytery will be held in this new church, of which Rev. Andrew J. Howell is pastor.

Bad Cough? Feverish? Grippy?

These Ailments Weaken Your System. Your Body Then Needs the Help of Dr. King's New Discovery.

Colds are annoying. They interfere with our duties. In our weakened condition they may end in a spell of sickness or even more serious ailments. Fear, however, should be overcome, for in Dr. King's New Discovery you have an effective remedy. Dr. King's New Discovery contains the ingredients which fight cold germs, which soothe your cough, healing the irritated and inflamed mucous membranes. Just as soon as you start taking Dr. King's New Discovery your recovery is assured.

Without assistance your weakened system tries in vain to throw off these cold germs. Your system cries for help and Dr. King's New Discovery is just the remedy needed. Get a bottle to-day. Take at once. You will feel much better to-morrow. All druggists.

EPWORTH LEAGUE BANQUET AT THE HOTEL WILMINGTON

Record Attendance Expected—Many Addresses by Prominent Men

Probably the biggest social event of the week, will be the annual Epworth League Banquet Thursday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock, at Hotel Wilmington, which will likely have a record attendance on account of the meeting of the North Carolina and Conference, and the participation of men of Statewide prominence.

Rev. J. O. Ormond, of Hillsboro, will act as toastmaster, while the most important address will be made by Bishop John C. Kilgo, of Charlotte, who will be here presiding over the meeting of the conference. Prof. W. A. Graham, of Warrentan High School, at Warrenton, will also be on the programme for a speech.

More than 100 tickets have already been sold, and it was estimated last night that covers would have to be laid for 200.

Cut This Out— It Is Worth Money

Cut out this advertisement, enclose 5 cents to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing:

(1) Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, the standard family remedy for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, tightness and soreness in chest, grippe and bronchial coughs.

(2) Foley Kidney Pills, for overworked and disordered kidneys and bladder ailments, pain in sides and back due to Kidney Trouble, sore muscles, stiff joints, backache and rheumatism.

(3) Foley Cathartic Tablets, a wholesome and thoroughly cleansing cathartic. Especially comforting to stout persons, and a purgative needed by everybody with sluggish bowels and torpid liver. You can try these three family remedies for only 5c.

R. R. Bellamy, Druggist.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.

Effective June 9th, 1915.

No. 13—4:00 P. M. THROUGH STEEL SLEEPER BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND ATLANTA—THROUGH PULLMAN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE.

Train for Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for all points North, South and West.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—THROUGH SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE—Open at 10:00 P. M. for Passengers. Train for Charlotte and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for all points North and West.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Agent, Orton Bldg, Wilmington; 'Phone 178.

R. W. WALLACE, C. T. A. H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A. Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Atlantic Coast Line

"The Standard Railroad of the South"

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares —from— WILMINGTON

WASHINGTON, D. C. $16.85
On sale December 5, 6 and 7, limited returning December 14, 1915.

CHARLESTON, S. C. $7.35
Account Southern Commercial Congress
On sale Dec. 11, 12 and 13; limited returning December 22.

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C. $8.50
On sale December 13, 14 and 15, limited returning December 18, 1915.

For schedules, reservations, etc.
'PHONE 160.

The Standard Railroad of the South
ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

my13-th,sa,m-tf

PANAMA-PACIFIC EXPOSITION
San Francisco, California.
VERY LOW ROUND TRIP FARES VIA SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Premier Carrier of the South.
DATES OF SALE
March 1st to November 30th, 1915.

Final return limit will be three (3) months from date of sale, not to exceed December 31st, 1915.

Low round trip fares apply as follows:

Raleigh, N. C.	$37.95
Durham, N. C.	36.95
Burlington, N. C.	35.25
Chapel Hill, N. C.	36.95
Oxford, N. C.	37.25
Goldsboro, N. C.	30.20
Selma, N. C.	29.35

Fares from all other points on same basis.

Fares for tickets routed one way via Portland, Seattle or Victoria at higher rates.

Stop-overs will be permitted on both going and return trip at any point within limit of ticket.

The Southern Railway can give you choice of several scenic routes from which to select, going one way and returning another; also free side trips are included from several points. Through connections and good train service via Memphis, St. Louis, Chicago and New Orleans. Through Tourist car from Washington, D. C., to San Francisco, daily, via New Orleans and the Sunset Route.

Let us help you plan your trip, make your Pullman reservations, etc.

For further information, call on any Southern Railway Agent, or write.

O. F. YORK, Traveling Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

mh29-m,sa-tf

Repairing----Leather----Findings

All Work at 20 Per Cent Less Than Elsewhere Best Materials. Expert Workmen.

Joe Pepe

2 Doors from Bijou. 'Phone 929. SOME BARGAINS IN SECOND-HAND SHOES.

NOTICE OF TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of and pursuant to a decree of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, sitting in bankruptcy, in a cause therein pending entitled "In the Matter of G. Henry Haar, Bankrupt, in Bankruptcy," the undersigned duly elected Trustee in Bankruptcy will on Monday, the 29th day of November, 1915, at 12 o'clock M., at the court house door in New Hanover County, offer for sale for cash to the highest bidder, those certain tracts or parcels of land situated in the City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, and bounded and described as follows:

FIRST TRACT.

Beginning at a point in the Northern line of Pender Ave., 82 ft. 6 in. East from the Northeast intersection of Pender Ave. and 20th Street and running thence North parallel to 20th Street 113 ft. to an alley; thence East parallel to Pender Ave. 49 ft. 6 in.; thence South parallel to 20th Street 113 ft. to the Northern line of Pender Ave.; thence West along Pender Ave. 49 ft. 6 in. to the beginning. Being all of Lot 9, and East half of Lot 10, in Block 21, according to the map of Carolina Place, which map is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County, in Book 48, at page 180.

SECOND TRACT.

Beginning at a point in the Northern line of Princess Street 99 ft. East from the Northeast intersection of 16th and Princess Streets, and running thence North parallel to 16th Street 165 ft. to a ten foot alley; thence East parallel to Princess Street 33 ft.; thence South parallel to 16th Street 165 ft. to the Northern line of Princess Street; thence West along Princess Street 33 ft. to the beginning. Being part of Lots 3, 4 and 5, in Block 481, according to the official plan of Wilmington.

THIRD TRACT.

All of the right, title and interest of said Trustee in and to the following tract:

Beginning at a point in the Western line of Fifth Street 104 ft. South from its intersection with the Southern line of Nun Street, and running thence westwardly parallel to Nun Street 165 ft.; thence Southwardly parallel to Fifth Street 28 ft.; thence eastwardly parallel to Nun Street 165 ft. to the Western line of Fifth Street; thence Northwardly along the Western line of Fifth Street 28 ft. to the beginning, together with the right to use in common with the owner of the lot immediately North of this tract an alley 10 ft. in width and extending in depth 165 ft. This tract is subject to a mortgage to Wilmington Homestead & Loan Association for $1,000, and to a mortgage to Mary E. Sweeney for $750, and to the Homestead allotment of said G. Henry Haar as the same are recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County.

The second tract above described is subject to a mortgage to Wilmington Homestead & Loan Association of $600, as the same is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County.

This sale is made subject to confirmation by the Court. The bidding on the tract first above described will begin at $335.50. The bidding on the tract second above described will begin at $1,141.25.

FRANK HERBST, Trustee.

Dated this October 27th, 1915.

Robert Ruark, Attorney for Trustee.

oc28-30d

We have a Complete and Up-to-Date Lens-Grinding Plant, and can make your glasses while you wait.

We can Duplicate any Broken Lens you may have, at short notice.

See us about your Eyes, and we will Save You Money.

Spectacles or Eye Glasses Fitted to Your Eyes, for $1.00 and Up.

EYES EXAMINED FREE.

Dr. Vineberg

MASONIC TEMPLE.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

LOOK

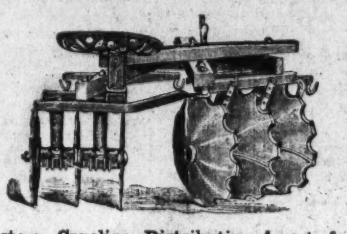
Just Received, Solid Car Load of the Latest Model Studebaker Pleasure Cars, both 4- and 6-cylinder, 7-passenger cars. If you have not seen this car, you have not seen your money's worth.

We are also Agents for the Celebrated Hudson car, and PENNSYLVANIA VACUUM CUP TIRES GUARANTEED FOR 6,000 MILES.

We take pleasure in showing our goods in any way. We also have some Overland Cars left.

Lassiter-McDuffie Co., Inc.
114 NORTH SECOND ST.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.
Purcell Building. Wilmington, N. C.



Eastern Carolina Distributing Agents for
Clarke Cutaway Harrows
Greatest of All Agricultural Implements.
Genuine Oliver Plows. Stalk Cutters.
Riding Sulky Plows.
We Have the Goods. Can Ship Promptly.

Quickest, Cheapest, Best
Deliveries. Prices. Workmanship.
Stacks, Tanks, Iron, Steel.
Iron, Brass and Aluminum Castings.
CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS
Church and Surry Streets. Phone 213.

Don't Be Ashamed To Smile

Lots of Folks Don't Like to Smile, Because Their Teeth Are—Well, "Not Exactly Beautiful."

A. D. S. PEROXIDE TOOTH PASTE is a Pleasing Dentifrice, Which Not Only CLEANSES and BEAUTIFIES the Teeth, but WHITENS Them and PREVENTS DECOMPOSITION by Virtue of the Peroxide of Calcium incorporated in it.

If You Prefer a Powder, use A. D. S. PEROXIDE TOOTH POWDER. You Couldn't Make a Better Investment of a Quarter (25 Cents).

1880 **Hardin's Pharmacy** 1915
QUICK AS A WINK DELIVERY.
'PHONE 35. 126 South Front St.

Cutting Down On Advertising Is False Economy

The merchant who wants to sustain his record of sales and exceed it knows that advertising will do it.

If you "draw in" on advertising, you are robbing Peter to pay Paul.

By the expenditure of a reasonable sum in the STAR you can bring into your store the new impetus of business from many families who otherwise don't see your advertising.

Ask the merchant who tried it.

Everybody Reads Star Business Locals

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

EXPORTS STILL INCREASING

War Has Stimulated United States to Become Manufacturing Nation—Henry Clews' Review.

New York, Nov. 28.—Our foreign trade continues on its phenomenal course and is building up the greatest favorable trade balance on record. October exports reached a new high level, amounting to $334,600,000, which was almost $40,000,000 in excess of September. The imports for October were only $148,500,000, leaving an excess of exports amounting to $186,000,000. During the past twelve months our total foreign trade exceeded $5,000,000,000, of which $3,318,000,000 were exports and $1,691,000,000 imports, leaving an excess of exports for the year of $1,626,000,000. During the same twelve months our net imports of gold were $326,000,000. This tremendous expansion of foreign obligations in the United States has undoubtedly been largely adjusted by gold imports, by the liberal return of securities, by the placing of large foreign loans and by the granting of very unusual foreign credits. That our foreign trade is now on a much more satisfactory status than at the beginning of the year is shown by the recent recovery of 20 points in sterling exchange and the diminished pressure of commercial bills. The future of our exports is somewhat uncertain. We shall probably soon reach the high peak for this season, if we have not done so already. Food and cotton exports will shortly have reached their highest level, and the shipments of war munitions within a few weeks of months will become less urgent. The Allies now report that they are well supplied with explosives, and in view of the tremendous increase in the capacity for British output of munitions, it is likely that in future the volume of orders placed with American manufacturers will be materially reduced. No early end of the war is in sight, but the emergency orders for the Allies are being satisfied, and their continuance on the recent scale is improbable.

One of the most significant and satisfactory results of the war is its stimulating effect upon American enterprise. More than anything else it has forced upon us recognition that we are a world power, commercially and industrially as well as politically. We have too long considered ourselves self-sufficient, and labored under the delusion that we could indefinitely shut ourselves in and others out. We must awaken to the fact that we are a nation of grown-ups; we must take our place in the world's affairs accordingly and adapt ourselves to the new opportunities and new obligations that are fact pressing upon us.

With the growth of population the United States is rapidly changing from an agricultural nation to a nation of manufacturers. The past generation has seen big changes in this direction, and the next wil see further changes of vastly more consequence. We urgently require foreign markets for our surplus manufactured products, and if we intend to sell to others, we must bep repared to buy from them in exchange; for the simple reason that all foreign trade in the mass is nothing less nor more than barter, even though in detail the operations may be highly complex and delicate. From this it follows that if we wish to export we must be more ready to import; and an enlightened public opinion will in due course of time cease placing obstacles in the way of imports, the only method by which our customers can pay for what they buy. Among our leading manufacturers and merchants there has been a steadily widening recognition of these facts for some years past; and yet in spite of their efforts it required the great European war to really awaken public opinion here to the opportunities that lie outside of our own borders. That calamity imposed demands upon American resources beyond all previous imagination. It created a gap which, temporarily at least, only American can fill. These demands fell first upon American financiers, and were met with a skill and resourcefulness which astonished the world and ourselves also.

The giant of the Western hemisphere has at last awakened to the new door of opportunity opened by the declaration of war in August, 1914; and already occupies a considerable place in the sun, which is fortunately big enough for all. As just said, American manufacturers, merchants and bankers are fully conscious of the new opening and are already demonstrating their faith in the future. Our chambers of commerce, our leading business organizations, our big exporters and big bankers are taking the initiative; and as an illustration this week a $50,000,000 corporation, backed, officered and directed by a number of the ablest and strongest business men in the country, completed plans for the development of a great foreign trade. This is substantial and practical evidence of whither we are going. There are but twe things more necessary for securing a bigger market for American manufacturers, and that is the co-operation of the American investor and American labor; both of which can be had if intelligently reasoned with and led. That trade follows the loan is axiomatic; which means that in order to sell our merchandise we must be prepared, not only to give credit, but to actually invest abroad. This is a new but absolutely necesary departure for the American invester, and he may require both education and experience before venturing.

Although the large and quicker profits obtained at home will always command a large degree of preference, the rewards of many home enterprises are settling down to more moderate and stable limits, and foreign fields begin to offer larger opportunities and larger profits than in the past, especially in view of the impaired ability of Europe to supply many of these requirements. Further the help of American labor must also be invited for our labor is more interested than any other party in finding a profitable market for its products. In order to conquer foreign markets labor must recognize the necessity of meeting foreign competition, and will have to learn that it cannot impose prohibitive burdens in the form of excessive wages and oppressive regulations, except to its own disadvantage. American labor already possesses a good start owing to plants, methods and organizations whica are often superior to any of those abroad. If each division of industry wil but do its share, there will be no doubt about success in our gaining a position in the world's markets commensurate with our skill and ability.

The halt in speculation which began three weeks ago was prolonged through this week by the holidays, by developments in the Balkans, by a feeling that the war stocks had more than discounted their future, and by the consequent bearishness of some of the leading traders. The undertone of the market has, however, unquestionably improved through liquidation and the test thus applied to values. Towards the end of the week there was more aggressive buying, and good stocks found ready support. As to fundamental conditions the outlook continues favorable; trade revival seems to be making further progress, especially in the steel and textile industries; enterprise is recovering; railroad earnings show better results, both gross and net; money is easy and plentiful; gold continues to come in freely from abroad; sterling exchange is still advancing, and a good investment demand prevails for all desirable issues. December dividend payments will be $147,000,000, of $10,000,000 more than last year. Next week Congress opens, and its drift will be watched with intense interest. The war is sure to make its impress upon Congress during the session and, as previously said, problems pertaining to revenue, preparedness, shipping, tariff, etc., promise to occupy first attention. In view of the approach of a Presidential year, it may be a session filled with much and perhaps excited discussion, but little real action beyond what is necessary.

HENRY CLEWS.

SHARP RISES IN COTTON

Improvement in Spot Demand Was Main Influence—Week's Close Was 71 to 74 Points Up Net.

New Orleans, Nov. 28.—The cotton market entered into a series of strong advances the middle of last week closing within a few points of the top. The main influence at work was improvement in th spot demand. At the best of the week prices were 83 to 86 points over the previous week's close. From the lowest to the highest there was a rise of 97 to 101 points, or almost exactly a cent a pound. The close was 71 to 74 points up net.

Heavy spot trading in Liverpool, stiff advances in spot quotations in this and the New York market, and continued firmness of spot holders, were features most prominently mentioned in th market news.

This week the spot situation is expected to be of more interest than ever because it is generally thought developments will show more cotton has been sold in the interior than bearishly inclined traders have been willing to admit. The bulls, however, will be hampered to some extent by the ocean freight market which has been strong the last few days with a tendency to climb what most shippers think are unreasonable levels.

MARINE.

Cleared.

Str. Matilda Weems, Capt. Hall, Baltimore, Baltimore and Carolina Steamship Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,289 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Keil (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

Str. Florrieston (Br.), 2,171 tons, Smith, Alex. Sprunt & Sons.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Saturday, Nov. 27, by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 28.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE — Steady, 53¼c.

ROSIN—$5.25, $5.40.

TAR—$2.40-10c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—$3.75, $3.75, $2.75.

Quotation same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 44½. Rosin, $3.30. Tar, $2.00-$2½c. Crude turpentine, firm, $3.25, $3.35, $2.25.

RECKIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine 3
Rosin 219
Tar 30
Crude Turpentine 13

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 9 casks; rosin, 54 barrels; tar, 118 barrels; crude turpentine, (—) barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—11½c.; quotations same day last year, 7¾c.

Receipts—617 bales; same day last year, 759 bales.

Total receipts since August 1st, to date, 121,685 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 62,733 bales.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Nov. 28.—North Carolina Peanuts—New crop, market, firm. Fancy hand-picked, 85c.; No. 1, machine picked, 80c. per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts—New crop, weaker. Jumbos, 66c.; fancy hand-picked, 55c.; No. 1, machine-picked, 50c. per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts — New crop, firm; No. 1, small, machine-picked, 80c.; Jumbos, 75c. per bushel.

All receipts light.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Nov. 28.)

CORN—$1.75 per sack.

IRISH POTATOES—80c to 90c.

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, 40c. to 45c. per bushel.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c.; good demand.

PORK—Small, 10@11c. per pound.

SHEEP—Gross: Old sheep, 3@4c.; lambs, 3@5c. lb.

WOOL—Burry, 19 to 28c.; black wool, 17 to 20c; first class white wool, 27c.

HIDES—Green salt, 12@13c.; dry flint, 17@20c. per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 20c.; sides and shoulders, 16c. per lb. Good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c. per lb.; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 45c to 50c.; spring, 20c to 35c. head. Geese, 55c. to 60c. per head. Ducks, 35c. to 60c. owing to quality. Turkeys, 15c to 18c. lb., alive; 20c to 22c., dressed.

EGGS—27c to 28c.

HOLIDAY INTERRUPTED SALES

Wars Irregular—Fair Request For Representative Industrials.

New York, Nov. 28.—Apathy was the chief characteristic of a week interrupted by the Thanksgiving holiday, daily sales of stocks and bonds falling far below those of recent weeks. War shares were irregular, with a drooping tendency and it was evident that speculative interest had undergone further elimination. As an indication of this condition, no sale of Bethlehem Steel, other than a few small lots, was reported in the five days of business.

Representative industrials were in fair request, United States Steel again approaching its maximum price of recent years. The condition of the steel and iron industrial may be dismissed with the significant statement that mills continue to operate to the extent of capacty. Metal shares made further response to the increased demand for such products, a few more high records being registered. This was true, also, of such oddly assorted stocks on General Motors and the sugar group.

Rails evidenced a disposition to advance but were checked by the persistent pressure upon New Haven, these shares decling eight points from last week's final figure. New Haven's heaviness resulted largely from an increasing realization of the road's financial needs.

Additional October earnings submitted by the leading systems such as Northern Pacific, Union Pacific, Baltimore and Ohio and Atchison, were not only the largest of recent years, but in several items of the operating account constituted record breakers. It is expected that the Pennsylvania, New York Central and Erie October statements, due next week, will prove equally gratifying.

New finanilng by the railroads, incluing the $60,000,000 refundinb issue of Baltimore & Ohio and the prospective sale of 100,000 preferred shares of Atchison to banking syndicates, was regarded as the precursor of numberous similar undertakings. Greater monetary ease—six months money lending at 2 3-4 per cent. the lowest rate in six years—is an important factor in that quarter.

Foreign loans placed here since the outbreak of the war now exceed one billion dollars. Politics and labor enter into conservative calculations, the forthcoming message of the President giving rise to considerable speculation.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

November 29, 1915.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 47 degrees; at 8 P. M., 59 degrees; maximum, 70 degrees; minimum, 44 degrees; mean, 57 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, .99 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M. yeaterday, 3.9 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Fair in west, rain in east portion Monday; Tuesday, fair and colder.

The Port Calendar, Nov. 29, 1915.

Sun rises .. .. 6:55 A. M.
Sun sets ... ... 5:03 P. M.
Day's length .. .. .10 hrs. 5 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water.		Low water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington . . .	2:57	3:24	9:51	11:05
Southport . . .	12:31	12:53	7:00	7:38
Masonboro Inl . .	12:20	12:42	6:40	7:18

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

November 28, 1915.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Temperature: Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 p.m.
Abilene . .	clear	52	—	.0
Asheville. .	rain	56	36	.0
Atlanta . .	rain	60	46	.02
Augusta . .	clear	66	40	.0
Birmingh .	clear	60	44	.0
Boston . . .	clear	56	—	.0
Charleston . .	cldy	66	48	.0
Charlotte . .	clear	60	42	.0
Chicago . .	snow	42	—	.52
Galveston .	clear	68	64	.0
Jacksonv .	clear	74	56	.0
Memphis . .	clear	54	—	.0
Mobile . .	pt. cldy	60	46	.0
New Orl. .	clear	74	52	.0
New York .	cldy	54	—	.01
Oklahoma . .	clear	48	—	.0
Raleigh . .	pt cldy	64	42	.0
Savannah .	clear	72	52	.0
Shreveport .	clear	58	—	.0
St. Louis. . .	cldy	42	—	.04
Washing'n .	cldy	54	—	.0

MR. CRANMER GRATIFIED

Over Interest Taken in His Candidacy for Judgeship.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., Nov. 28.—The local interest in forwarding the canvass of Edward H. Cranmer, Esq., for the judgeship to be vacated by Judge George Rountree, on January 1, continues with unabated effort. Mr. Cranmer has felt very greatly gratified at the widespread friendship and enthusiasm shown in his favor for this honer, these expressions being purely volnutary and at once extended as soon as it was known that he would be a candidate.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Nov. 28.—Spanish: Farmers' stock: Old peanuts, first quality, 75c. per bu.; old, damaged, 40c. to 50c per bu.; new, dry and clean, 87 1-2c per bu; new, green and dirty, 50c to 75c per bu.

Virginias—Farmers' stock: Old peanuts, Fancy Jumbo, 3¼c. per lb.; old, extra prime, 3c. per lb.; old, shelling stock, 2 1-2c per lb.; new fancy Jumbo 3¼c. per lb.; new, extra prime, 3c. per lb.; new, prime, 2¾c. per lb.; new, shelling stock, 2½c. per lb.

BRAY BROTHERS

STOCKS & BONDS

GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER

FIRST MORTGAGE TEN-YEAR 6 PER CENT REAL ESTATE BONDS at the following prices and interest:

$100 BUYS A $100 BOND
$500 BUYS A $500 BOND

Principal and interest payable semi-annually by simply clipping a coupon.

Privilege of redemption reserved at any interest period after three years at 105.

We regard these bonds the very best investment we have ever offered, because they are absolutely secured, and yield the investor 6 per cent. interest.

Full particulars furnished on application.

WE WANT:

Dixie Fire Insurance Co. stock.
Jefferson Standard Life Ins. Co. stock.

SEND YOUR ORDERS TO US. WE DO IT NOW. WIRE, 'PHONE OR WRITE US FOR WHAT YOU WANT.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK

AND

GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York—Wilmington.

Steamship Chippewa, Friday, Nov. 26
Steamship Cherokee, Friday, Dec. 3rd

Wilmington—Georgetown.

Steamship Chippewa, Monday, Nov. 29
Steamship Cherokee, Monday, Dec. 6

Wilmington—New York.

Steamship Cherokee, Saturday, Nov. 27
Steamship Chippewa, Saturday, Dec. 4

Steamship Chippewa DOES NOT Carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.,
C. J. BECKER, Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Commercial Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

Bell 'Phones: Residence, 511. Office, 510.

C. T. McDONALD

SUCCESSOR TO

C. C. McDONALD

STOCKS AND BONDS

INVESTMENTS

RALEIGH, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BONDS MY SPECIALTY.

Will Buy or Sell Stocks and Bonds.

YOU WILL ALWAYS FIND IT ADVANTAGEOUS TO GET MY PRICES IN BUYING OR SELLING **STOCKS** AND **BONDS**

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS IS MY MOTTO

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA 4 AND 6 PER CENT BONDS

Am in the market to buy these bonds and will pay their highest cash price. If you don't want to sell and want to buy, let me know. Quotations promptly given.

FIRST MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT BONDS ON IMPROVED PROPERTY IN LARGE NORTH CAROLINA CITY

As safe as you can invest your money. Have just sold 5,000. Also have some of these bonds in denominations of $100 each.

SPLENDID INVESTMENTS, NON-TAXABLE, PAYING 6 AND 7 PER CENT.

Have some gilt edge preferred stocks in North Carolina corporations ably managed and where the common stock cannot be had for 200 for each 100. The preferred comes ahead of the common, i. e., before any dividends can be had on the common all dividends have to be paid on the preferred. The directors and employees of these corporations having most of their money invested in the common. Names of stocks and full information and price furnished upon application.

BANK STOCKS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

I make a specialty of handling all bank stocks of North Carolina and at this time have some bargains in the largest banks in North Carolina—both State and National.

COTTON MILLS STOCK.

At this time have some splendid bargains. Write for full information.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE STOCKS AND BONDS.

By special arrangement have a direct wire from Raleigh to New York for the convenience of North Carolina patrons and can buy or sell any stock or bond listed on New York Stock Exchange.

ANGLO-FRENCH 5 PER CENT. BONDS.

Don't let any one fool a North Carolinian into buying this security. You will be very foolish, as you have a security paying you less than 2½ per cent., if you live in Raleigh, Wilmington, Charlotte, Asheville or any place where the tax rate is over 2½ per cent. Then, too, the safety of this security is not a certainty, by any means. If you insist on buying, will fill your order as cheap as any one.

ADVICE IS CHEAP.

I have no axe to grind; I give you an unlimited number of investments to choose from and with full information concerning them. I make a specialty of the STOCK AND BOND BUSINESS, devoting my whole time thereto, and all matters are handled in the strictest confidence.

REFERENCE.

I buy for cash and sell for cash. If you want to know who I am, will furnish satisfactory reference from STATE OFFICIALS, Raleigh bankers, and U. S. Government OFFICIALS.

USE THE WIRE.

Telegraph or 'phone me, if you are in a hurry. Correspondence cordially invited and promptly answered.

I WANT TO BUY PARTICULARLY RIGHT NOW:

10 shares Atlantic Fire Insurance Co., Erwin common, Erwin preferred, Alpine preferred, Jefferson Life, Murchison National, $5,000 North Carolina sixes, up to $35,000 North Carolina fours, W. H. King Drug common (have 10 of the preferred for sale).

Any of the various Cannon Mills, Dixie Fire Insurance Co., North Carolina Railroad, Raleigh Banking and Trust Co., Merchants' National, Commercial National of Raleigh, Rocky Mount Cotton Mills, 10 American National Bank, Wilmington; 10 Murchison National Bank, Wilmington.

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

Have connection with one of the biggest bond houses in America and am ready to buy North Carolina municipals. When writing, be sure to give the number of years bonds to run, assessed taxable property, whether voted, interest rate, and PARTICULARLY if SINKING FUND IS PROVIDED.

WANTED TO BUY—ANY PART:

$100,000 State of North Carolina 4 per cent. Bonds, for which I will pay 15 a thousand more than I have been selling them at in last fifteen days.

$100,000 State of North Carolina 6 per cent. Bonds, for which I will pay $6 a thousand more than I have been selling them within the last fifteen days.

ANY AMOUNT

Of Municipal Bonds (entire issues) of towns, road districts, counties, or cities of North Carolina.

C. T. McDONALD,
Stocks and Bonds .. ..

WATSON MAY TAKE THE STAND IN OWN BEHALF

His Plea Saturday May Cause Long Legal Battle.

Has Made Effort to Get Before Jury Complete Copies of Magazines, Instead of Excerpts of "Improper" Matter.

Augusta, Ga., Nov. 28. — Trial of Thomas E. Watson, of Thomson, Ga., charged with sending obscene matter through the mail, will be resumed in Federal Court here tomorrow, with prospects of a lengthy legal battle on Watson's plea that the entire copies of his publications containing the alleged improper matter should be placed before the jury and not merely the articles objected to by the government. It also was stated that Watson might take the stand in his own defense. The government completed its case Saturday.

The articles mentioned in the indictment were published in 1911 and 1912, in "Watson's Jeffersonian Magazine," and in "The Jeffersonian." They consisted of attacks upon the Roman Catholic Church.

Language used in the attacks was claimed by the government to be outlawed from the mails.

The case tomorrow will enter upon its third day, and it was thought tonight that it would take probably all of Monday and possibly part of Tuesday to complete it.

Watson, who is a member of the Georgia bar, has acted as his own chief counsel. He has declined to say whether or not he would introduce witnesses. He tried Saturday, however, to get before the jury the complete issues of his publications. The government objected, and court was adjourned before the question was decided.

Watson also was expected to make another effort to get before the jury his motives in publishing the articles mentioned in the indictment. He already has been overruled on one point in this connection.

PANIC ON BRITISH STEAMER RESULTS IN DEATH OF 25

(Continued from Page One.)

were wounded. Several of the most serious were taken into the submarine and treated by our ship doctor who went aboard at the invitation of the submarine commander.

"One woman who had lost her three children by throwing them overboard went stark mad. In the steerage was a troupe of Japanese acrobats. One of them a woman, with an infant, was seen almost exhausted trying to cling to the sides of the ship. She was surrounded by many others. A rope was thrown into her hands, but looking up, she exclaimed in English: 'Don't mind me. I belong to no one, and have no one to care for me. Help some one else.' With these words she passed the rope to another woman and with her babe in her arms sank from sight.

"The rescued British sailors proved heroes. They not only tried to quell the panic but succeeded in rescuing many persons. Afterward they helped the wounded.

"Only one shot was fired by the submarine. She remained alongside for five hours, or until all possible rescues had been made and the wounded had been attended. She then disappeared under the water and we proceeded to Alexandria without further incident.

"I did not learn her name or designating number, but she was one of the largest boats of her kind I have ever seen. The captain of the Sailor Prince told me that he recognized her as the same one that had sunk his ship some hours previous, although at that time, he said, she flew the Austrian colors. The Sailor Prince, her captain said, was given 20 minutes to get her crew into the boats before she was sunk by nine shots fired into her hold."

Available shipping records here do not contain the name Barulos. This may be due to frequent changing of names and re-naming of ships captured in the war zone.

100,000 SERBIANS PRISONERS OF WAR

(Continued from Page One).

Bradenburg reserves especially distinguished themselves.

"Zajecar, Kajazevac and Pierot fell into the hands of the Bulgarians. In addition to this our troops have completely broken the tough resistance of the enemy, which, in addition to being supported by the nature of the country is inured to war and fought bravely. Neither impenetrable roads, impassable mountains, thickly snow clad, for the reforcement and shelter were able to check our advance. More than 100,000 men, almost half the entire Serbian fighting forces, have been taken prisoners. Their losses in battle and by desertions cannot be estimated. Guns, including heavy artillery and an incalculable quantity of material of all kinds have been captured. The German losses, however deplorable, have been extremely moderate and our troops have not suffered from disease."

LONDON PRESS COMMENT

Says German Report Points to Important Change in Balkans

London, Nov. 29—The London morning newspapers today lay emphasis on the German official report announcing the "conclusion" of the main operations against the Serbians, as pointing to an important change in the Balkan situation. The Daily Mail's Odessa correspondent says he learns that Enver Pasha, Turkish minister of war, and General von Falkenhayn, chief of the German staff, have had a conference at Orsova on the Danube "to discuss far-reaching alterations in the plan of the Balkan campaign caused by unexpected developments in the movement of the Entente Allies."

The Daily Mail says it suspects that these alterations are necessitated by threatened Russian army concentrating at the mouth of the Danube and by the threatening attitude of Rumania.

Berlin, via Wireless to Sayville, Nov. 28.—The report from Athens on October 26th that the Turkish transport Carmen, laden with munitions, had been sunk by a British submarine in the Sea of Marmora was a pure invention, according to the Overseas News Agency.

MUCH WHEAT SEIZED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA FOR WAR

(Continued From Page One).

fected by the action taken. Obviously it does not involve any increase in the world's consumers, or indeed in the world's consumer's demand. It means simply the feeling of the existing demand to the extent of the grain taken by this much of the Canadian surplus instead of filling the same from other surpluses. If the result should be a rise in the Canadian prices then beneficial effects will largely accrue to the grain farmers themselves and not to the holders of grain in store. While the holders of grain in store are entitled to fair treatment, it has been thought desirable not to precipitate market conditions at the expense of the customs fromwhom we hope to obtain orders in the future and who are our allies in the war. The action taken by the British government is based entirely on the war conditions and in response the Canadian government has dictated by regard to the same state of facts."

NO UNEASINESS FELT

Commandeering of Canadian Wheat Meets Only With Surprise

Chicago, November 27.—The commandeering of Canadian wheat caused surprise but not uneasiness among Chicago grain dealers today. "It should have no permanent effect on prices, up or down," said Robert McDougal, a specialist in the export grain business who marketed much of Joseph Leiter's vast accumulations when the Leiter corner collapsed years ago.

"The action means that a great trade has been made," continued Mr. McDougal. The government takes over the wheat and pays therefor a fair market price according to the law authorizing the seizure. The wheat however, is not sold in the ordinary commercial sense at all. The government being the owner of the wheat will doubtless market it in its own way during the next two or three months so as to know more certainly that no one gets a bushel of it except the countries approved by Great Britain and her allies. It means, in other words, a change in the manner of marketing.

"The wheat cannot leave Canada any faster than it has been doing for two months. The movement has already exceeded the capacity of inland and ocean shipping facilities. Great inconvenience no doubt wil ensue to shippers in adjusting themselves to new conditions."

James A. Patten was inclined to await details of the plan. He said: "It wil be a day or two before we know just what has happened, but on the face of the plan as shown in news dispatches, it cannot weaken American prices. If the distribution of the wheat is more strictly confined than heretofore, it means obviously that there will be a greater proportionate demand on America. The Scandinavian peninsula must be fed; so must Switzerland. If they can't get grain from Canada, they will get it elsewhere."

SUNDAY SPENT QUIETLY BY THE PRESIDENT IN NEW YORK

Motors With Mrs. Galt to Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church.

New York, Nov. 28. — President Wilson spent today quietly in New York, visiting with his fiancee, Mrs. Norman Galt. He planned to leave shortly after midnight in order to arrive in Washington early tomorrow. Mrs. Galt will remain here to complete her trosseau for her wedding next month.

The President left the home of Colonel E. M. House, where he spent the night, before 10 o'clock this morning, called for Mrs. Galt, and motored with her to the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church. Secretary Lansing, of the State Department, and Secretary Daniels, of the Navy Department, were also in the congregation.

The President had luncheon with Mrs. Galt, and afterward called on his sister, Mrs. Anne Howe, at her hotel. Outside the hotel a man who pushed forward toward the President, was seized by detectives and detained until Mr. Wilson had entered his automobile. The detectives were convinced that the man was merely curious.

For more than an hour the President and Mrs. Galt motored along Riverside drive.

President Wilson, accompanied by Secretary Tumulty, and Dr. Grayson, his physician, left for Washington at 12:30 o'clock this morning, over the Pennsylvania railroad.

LYNCHING BELIEVED TO BE FATE OF JOHN W. WILLEY

Body Found Hanging Near Spot Where He Murdered Grandmother.

Gibsonburg, Ohio, Nov. 28.—The body of John W. Willey, recently tried for the murder of his grandmother, Mrs. Eva Kimble, was found hanging today within a few rods of where the murder occurred. Willey is believed to have been lynched by neighbors who were satisfied with the verdict in the case.

Willey was convicted of assault, was granted a new trial and released on bond. He also was charged with assault and battery on his grandfather, who was found beaten and shot near the body of Mrs. Kimble, February 12. This case was to be tried later.

Willey received several threatening letters after his release, on stating that a "lynching be" would be "pulled off" soon with Willey as the victim.

SEARCH FOR SERVANT GIRL

Believed She May Be Able to Give Light on Weitzmann Murder.

New Brunswick, No., Nov. 28.—While hundreds of persons visited the scene of the tragedy on the Weitzmann farm where six persons were found shot to death yesterday, the authorities of Middlesex county today began a search for adischarged servant girl of the Weitzmann family who it is believed may be able to furnish a clue as to a possible cause for the murders.

The bodies of Samuel Weitzmann, his wife, and his son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Davidner, and the two farm hands, were brought to a local morgue. The body of Joseph Petrucha, one of the farm hands, was found with a revolver in one hand and the authorities believe he shot the other five before killing himself.

SEVEN NOW MISSING.

From Steamer Tivoli, Which Was Burned in Chesapeake Bay.

Baltimore, November 28. — A comparison today of the lists of persons rescued from the steamer Tivoli, burned on the Chesapeake Bay, near Annapolis Friday night, increased the number of missing to seven. Two persons are known to have died.

The missing are: Virginia and Willard Heward, children of Captain Heward, of the Tivoli; Philip Vogel, watchman; Edward Ringgold, fireman; Thos. C. Hill, — Soreshen, — Edeleen.

GERMANY MAY ADOPT A NEW WAR TAX LAW

Bill For Measure Now Pending Before Parliament

Would Pave Way for Taxing War Profits of Joint Stock Companies and Corporations—Would Affect Americans.

Berlin, (via London), Nov. 28.—The text of the preliminary law paving the way for taxing the war profits of joint stock companies and corporations was printed officially yesterday. The project was drafted by the federal council and is a bill compelling stock companies and other judicial persons to carry as reserve 50 per cent. of the additional profits made during the period of the war, thus holding them as a reserve for taxation under the ultimate bill explanatory matter accompanying the preliminary draft shown that the government does not intend to collect this tax during the war but to levy it after the close of the war in connection with an increment tax on property foreseen in connection with the famous war levy tax bill of 1913.

Under the plans then contemplated all persons in the empire would be required to make a return on property and income as on January, 1917, and to pay taxes on the increase over a similar statement returned in January, 1914. This period could not be better selected for obtaining statements on war property.

The preliminary bill has been drafted so as to prevent any evasion of its intention on the part of the companies and corporations by concealing their profits through bookkeeping or distribution. Before the law goes into effect those companies seeking to evade its provisions will be compelled to take from their surplus profits in succeeding years to bring the reserve up to the required figure. The measure prescribes as "war years" the business year wherein January 10, 1914, falls and the two succeeding years. The normal profit of a company or corporation is figured on the basis of the average profits of the three years preceding the war and half of all profits above that must go in the special reserve fund.

Foreign companies, including American corporations doing business in Germany, come within the operation of the law but only to the extent that their profits made on German business.

The law gives no intimation on how much of the war profits the state will demand in taxation beyond indicating that they will not exceed 50 per cent. Even this prejudice is not enough to satisfy certain ardent advocates of this tax who have been demanding that the government appropriate all profits. The general expectation, however, is that the ultimate German measure will cut very deeply into such profits within the limits of the 50 per cent. maximum.

The new tax measures is expected to affect favorably the German war loans since the government announces that the tax may ultimately be paid in war bonds, and intimates in accompanying memorandum that such papers offers favorable investment for the required reserves. It is understood that the bill will not be considered at the December sitting of the Riechstag but will be taken up at the session in February or March.

ORGANIZATION TO COMMENCE TODAY OF 64TH CONGRESS

(Continued From Page One).

of South Carolina, will retain chairmanship of naval affairs; Chamberlain, of Oregon, military affairs; Stone, of Missouri, foreign relations; Simmons, North Carolina, finance; Overman, North Carolina, rules; Owen, Oklahoma, banking and currency; Moyers Montana public lands; Hitchcock, Nebraska, Philippine Islands; Culberson, Texas, judiciary; Newlands, Nevada, interstate commerce, and Martin, Virginia, appropriations.

Two Republican Vacancies

By the retirement of Senators Root and Burton, two important Republican vacancies occur in the foreign relations committee, but there are no Democratic vacancies. Most of the important vacancies to be filled in other committees occur on the Republican side. Committee places must be found by the Democrats for six new members, Underwood, Alabama; Phelan, California; Beckham, Kentucky; Broussard, Louisiana, Johnson, South Dakota, and Husting, of Wisconsin.

Work of reorganization in the House is a considerably greater task, owing to the large reduction of the Democratic membership. Not only are many Democratic vocancies left on most of the important committees, but the increase in Republican members will necessitate changing the party ratio on nearly all committees. Few changes in chairmanships of the principal committee are contemplated, however, Representative Kitchin, of North Carolina, already has been selected as chairman of the ways and means committee. For two days Mr. Kitchin's office has been overcrowded with Democratic members seeing advantageous committee appointments. There are three Democratic vacancies left on most of means committee and at least a dozen candidates.

Republican lists will be submitted by the minority conference headed by Representative Mann, of Illinois, after the Democratic recommendations have been approved by the party caucus next Saturday night.

One of the most important tasks the ways and means committee has is reorganization of the committee on naval ayairs in view of the defense programme. There are five Democratic vacancies on the committee, three advocates and two opponents of naval increases having been retired. Hobson, of Alabama; Lee, of Pennsylvania; Gerry, of Rhode Island, and Bathrick, of Ohio, were not re-elected. Representative Witherspoon, of Mississippi, died a few days ago. Representative Padgett, of Tennessee, will retain the chairmanship.

Representative Hay, of Virginia, will continue as chairman of military affairs; Fitzgerald, of New York, appropriations; Flood, of Virginia, foreign affairs; Glass, Virginia, banking and currency; Webb, North Carolina, judiciary, and Alexander, of Missouri, merchant marine.

The special budget committee of the House also will meet tomorrow to make another effort to agree on some form of a budget system to recommend to Congress. Owing to wide differences of opinion, several members of the committee have expressed doubt that an agreement can be reached.

SERBS ARE CLINGING ONLY TO A FRINGE OF MOUNTAIN TERRITORY

(Continued From Page One).

sults from November 1 to 15th follows:

"In the Baltic only the steamer Afsnomi, 1,016 tons, has been sunk while in the Mediterranean, according to press reports up to date, eighteen ships, representing 112,082 tons, were destroyed in the same period."

WILL FIGHT TILL DEATH

King Nicholas Addresses Proclamation to the Montenegrins.

Paris, Nov. 28.—The Montenegrin consul general at Paris has received the following from Cettinje under date of November 27:

"King Nicholas has addressed an engetic proclamation to the people. He urges them to remain calm in the face of danger which threatens Montenegro and recalls the heroic defense of Serbia now invaded.

"The Serbian army has been obliged to retreat toward the mountains of Montenegro, where the forces of the two Serb kingdoms, united against common foes, will resist valiantly. Faithful to its traditions, Montenegro will carry on the struggle until death, which it would prefer to slavery. The allies have undertaken to revictual the population of Montenegro and the army; the latter will defend the glorious soil of its native land without sparing blood. It will fight from mountai nto mountain around its king, with the ardor that full confidence is a definite victory for Montenegro and its great allies gives.

SITUATION HOPEFUL

Allied Officials Believe Greek Situation Will Be Met

London, Nov. 28.—Reuters' Athens correspondent states that last evening gre[illegible]y was noticable in official circles but that high officials and diplomats believe there is no ground for uneasiness. Confidence exists that so long as no effort is made to compel [illegible]erge from her neutrality olicy, a solution of the military problems will be found. The situation, the dispatch adds, is hopeful.

SITUATION DESPERATE

Balkan Situation is Serious for the Entente Powers.

Berlin, Nov. 28.—(By wireless to Sayville)—The Overseas News Agency says:

"The Entente Allies' situation in the Balkans is desperate. French losses on the Krivolak line are estimated at 20,000 dead, while retreat is extremely difficult.

"If the occupation of Monastir by the Bulgarians becomes necessary, the Bulgarian government will give a definite promise to Greece that the occupation will be only temporary and that it is caused by the most stringent military necessity."

PREPARE FOR DEFENSE

Because of Threatened Russian Intervention in Bulgaria.

London, Nov. 28. — Telegraphing from Bucharest, the Times correspondent says:

"In view of the threatened Russian intervention, preparations for defense are proceeding actively along the whole Bulgarian frontier under German supervision. Troops are being brought up from the Serbian front and about four divisions of General von der Goltz's army are reported to have joined the Bulgarian forces. The Turkish and Bulgarian armies are now being well supplied with ammunitions by way of the Danube.

"The Bulgarian losses in the Serbian campaign include many officers of high rank. Among the dead are the son of the Bulgarian minister at Washington (Stephen Panaratoff) and the famous insurgent, Chief Tchernopeef."

MANY ACCEPT INVITATION TO GO ABROAD WITH HENRY FORD

Additional Accommodations Have Had to be Obtained

New York, Nov. 28.—The response to the invitations of Henry Ford to accompany him to Europe in an endeavor to bring about peace among the warring nations have been so great, it was announced at Mr. Ford's headquarters here tonight, that additional accommodations have had to be obtained. It was announced Mr. Ford had chartered the first and second cabins of the Scandinavian-American liner Frederick VIII, in addition to the quarters on the Oscar II, of the same line, already provided. The Federick VIII will sail from New York December 8. Inability to leave their state business was the reason given by many governors, whose declinations have been received at the headquarters here.

Among those accepting the invitations are: Mrs. Joseph Fels, Philadelphia; Mrs. Helen Ring Robinson, Denver; the Rev. Charles F. Aked, San Francisco, and Arthur L. Weatherby, secretary of the Nebraska Peace Society.

NEGRO HANGED BY MOB.

Jail Guards Are Forced to Deliver the Prisoner to Masked Men.

Henderson, Ky., Nov. 28. — Ellis Buckner, a negro, charged with having attacked a young girl last night, was taken from the county jail here early today by a mob of about 50 masked men, and hanged to a tree a short distance below Henderson.

Just before dawn, several men appeared at the jail and asked admittance to deliver a prisoner. When the doors were opened, the jail guards were covered with pistols, and Buckner was taken from his cell, struggling desperately. His body was found several hours later.

15,000 BALES BURNED

Cotton Stored in Warehouse Was Valued at $1,250,000.

Pine Blub, Ark., Nov. 28.—Approximately 15,000 bales of cotton stored in the warehouse of the Pine Bluff Compress were either degress or badly damaged by fire here today. The cotton, mostly of the long staple variety, was valued at $1,250,000. The origin of the fire has not been determined.

Tokio, Nov. 28. — The Japanese naval estimates for 1916 total about 100,000,000 yen ($50,000,000), a decrease of 6,000,000 yen from the 1915 budget. A supplementary expenditure of 45,000,000 yen for the construction of new warships will be spread over a period of four years. The allotment for 1916 is 6,000,000 yen.

London, Nov. 28.—The Serbians still occupied Monastir on Saturday, according to the Athens correspondent of the Times, who reports that four Serbian regiments were already in the town and that another had arrived on that day.

INCREASE FREIGHT RATES?

Tariffs in South Atlantic States to Be Revised Again, Correspondent Reports.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, Nov. 28.—Railway rate makers are understood to be going over tariffs in South Atlantic territory for the purpose of making a revision of rates to comply with fourth section requirements. If reports are correct, when the tariffs are filed they will show an increase and bring the matter of rates in this section to a place of concern to business men.

The work of revision is understood to have been progressing a long time, but it is not known when the tariffs will be filed. The subject will likely be a cause of strong protest in North Carolina and elsewhere.

The amount of the increase is not known definitely, nor is it known what articles will be most affected.

P. R. A.

CONFIDENCE UNSHAKABLE IN FINAL VICTORY

(Continued From Page One.)

plete victosy as sap with a minimum expenditures of lives and moneq. The task is a heavy one. I hope to work it outsuccessfully because I feel that we have behind us the ardent co-operation of the entire nation."

STRUCK NEAR HOME.

Why One Person Bought Red Cross Christmas Seals.

A young man of fine appearance, accompanied by a pretty girl bedecked in war colors, subtle perfume and a ravishing smile, bought 1,000 Christmas Seals yesterday at one of the many stores where they are on sale. As the man paid for the seals the frivolous girl remarked scoffingly, "You wouldn't have bought those if your father hadn't asked you to do it."

"Oh, yes, I would," he replied earnestly. "Ever since one of my intimate friends died of tuberculosis I have believed the fight against that terrible disease to be the most important health movement of the day. With more than 1,000,000 persons in the United States, over one person in every 100 afflicted, the disease is a menace to you and me and every one of us. I understand it can be prevented, and the way I can help is to buy Red Cross Christmas Seals."

Rocky Mount, N. C., Nov. 28.—Allen Williford, the negro who was shot three times by James Bloxom on Gold Leaf street Thanksgiving afternoon, died yesterday afternoon in a local hospital, where he was rushed following the call for medical attention. The negro was struck three times out of the five shots fired at him by his assailant and three bodily wounds resulted.

IF BACK HURTS BEGIN ON SALTS

Flush the Kidneys at Once When Backachy or Bladder Bothers—Meat Forms Uric Acid.

No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which clogs the kidney pores so they sluggishly filter or strain only part of the waste and poisons from the blood, then you get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble, nervousness, constipation, dizziness, sleeplessness, bladder disorders come from sluggish kidneys.

The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts, or if the urine is cloudy, offensive, full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of scalding, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any reliable pharmacy and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to activity; also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which all regular meat eaters should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service.. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

CLERK WANTED — TYPEWRITER and good penman. Must be competent clerk. State wages desired, and experience. Address "A. C. Line," care Star. no29-1t

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM APARTMENT upstairs, 215 Market street, convenient location. $10.00 per month. C. D. Gilbert. Phone 772. no 21-tf

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Condensed Report of Condition to Comptroller, at Close of Business, November 10th, 1915.

RESOURCES:			LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts		$1,417,210.29	Capital Stock	$ 250,000.00
U. S. Bonds (at par)		270,000.00	Surplus and Undivided Profits	57,833.36
North Carolina 4 per cent Bonds (at par)		45,000.09	Circulation	250,000.00
Bonds and Securities		24,213.50	Rediscounts (with Federal Reserve Bank)	77,266.45
Banking House and Fixtures		45,662.65	Special Bond Account	45,000.00
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank		9,000.00	Reserve Account (for Building)	20,000.00
Real Estate		43,026.86	Bills Payable	70,000.00
Cash in our Vaults	$124,501.42		DEPOSITS	1,692,329.71
Due from Banks and U. S. Treas.	484,314.73	608,816.15		
Total		$2,462,929.45	Total	$2,462,929.45

Began Business in 1908, with Capital of $50,000.00. 8 Per Cent Annual Dividends Paid Since Organization.

OFFICERS:

W. B. COOPER . . .Chairman of Board
THOS. E. COOPER . . . . .President C. E. BETHEA . . . . . Cashier
GEO. O. GAYLORD . . .Vice-President E. FRED BANCK. . . Assistant Cashier

STATEMENT CONDITION
THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK
OF WILMINGTON, N. C.,
AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, NOVEMBER 10th, 1915.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts	$4,745,818.48	Capital Stock	$1,000,000.00
U. S. Bonds (at par)	810,000.00	Surplus and Net Profits	665,558.88
Bank Building	487,703.51	Circulation	750,000.00
Bonds and Other Securities	288,400.00	Special Deposit Bonds	115,000.00
Liquidation Account Southern National Bank	106,138.65	Special Reserve	21,000.00
Cash and Due by Banks	2,011,503.12	Deposits	5,898,094.88
	$8,449,653.76		$8,449,653.76

H. C. McQUEEN, President. C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.
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BEFORE YOU BUY THAT XMAS GIFT see Uncle Charles' line of solid gold jewelry, watches, bracelets, cameo brooches and diamonds. No, 6, South Front street; 'Phone 642. no24-tf

ELECTRIC SHOE HOSPITAL—NOW open, at 416 North Front street. Will put on half soles, sewed, and rubber heels, this week, for $1.00. 'Phone 611. S. Rubin, Prop. no25-7t*

CALL PHONE NO. 72—FRESH MEATS and vegetables. Fancy western and native beef, veal, pork and lamb. Dressed chickens, oysters, fresh in every day. Home made pork sausage and pickled beef, fancy celery and lettuce. Phone No. 72, Batson's Meat Market, 115 Market street. no 27-1t

A GOOD FIVE-ROOM HOUSE ON SEVenth street, between Queen and Wooster. Lot 40x66 feet. Price $1,200, one-fourth cash, balance $2.92 per week. Wilder's Real Estate Agency. no 28-2t

WANTED — YOUNG MAN OR BOY, with some experience, to work in grocery store; country boy preferred. No dude wanted. Address "Business" care Star. no25-6t*

SOHMER PIANOS HAVE BEEN SOLD in Wilmington for over thirty years, and are noted for their tone quality and durability. The workman'p and materials used in the scientific construction of the inner piano is unsurpassed. This is the part you do not see, but which is by all means the most important part of a piano. Yopp & Woody Music Co., No. 217 North Front street. 'Phone 313. no28-tf

ACADEMY OF MUSIC ORCHESTRA invites offers for dances, receptions and parties, 3 to 12 musicians furnished; out of town engagement solicited. Address H. W. Hollowbush. no 28-1mo

SOHMER GRAND PIANOS ARE MADE in four styles: Cupid Chippendale, Cupid Louis XV, Chippendale, and Concert Grand. They possess a singularly beautiful tone quality and a remarkable evenness throughout their whole compass. They are second to none. We compete with any piano either in quality or prices. Get our prices. Over forty thousand persons have purchased Sohmer Pianos. Yopp & Woody Music Co., No. 217 North Front street; 'Phone 313. no28-tf

FOR RENT—DWELLING AT 121 SO. Seventh street, 7 rooms and bath; price reasonable. Possession given December 1st. C. H. Bornemann, Seventh and Orange streets. no28-2t

NOTICE TO PUBLIC — FURNACE and stove repairs done reasonable; heaters relined, good as new. Have your roof repaired now. Satisfaction guaranteed. 'Phone 431. W. B. Klander, 22 South Second street. Also roof painting done. no28-tf

PULLMAN AUTOMOBILE—BEFORE you buy a car, we'll be glad to go over the specifications of this "palace on wheels" with you. The refined lines, material quality, and skilled workmanship of this machine appeals to the most captious. Gilbert & Memory. Phone 879. no 28-7t

MRS. ELIZABETH McINTOSH, FORmerly at the Colonial Inn, invites her friends to the Imperial Hotel, which has been thoroughly renovated and remodeled. Special low rates by the day, week or month. no 28-6t

FOR CASH—SIXTY CITY LOTS, ONE hundred and fifty dollars each. One hundred dollars cash, balance ten dollars per month. Titles and deeds guaranteed. Address "Z" care Star. no 28-7t*

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE, 512 NORTH Third street; residence, 701 North Third street; residence, 705 North Third street. Apply to Martin O'Brien. no 28-2t*

WANTED—SAWYER TO HANDLE shot gun, steam feed for 30,000 feet daily output. Waccamaw Shingle Company, Bolivia, N. C. no28-2t

IF YOU HAVE $50 CASH, AND CAN pay $1.75 per week, see us Monday if you want a home. It's a three room house, good as new, white neighborhood. Price $350. Wilder's Real Estate Agency. no 28-2t

FOR SALE—TWO 4-ROOM HOUSES located in Love street, renting for $144 a year. $1,100 for the two, $300 cash, balance in Building and Loan. See us early, it's a bargain. Wilder's Real Estate Agency. no 28-2t

FOR RENT — ONE LARGE ROOM, southern exposure, with all modern conveniences. Suitable for married couple or two gentlemen, near business section and Coast Line offices. 'Phone 1805-W, or call No. 302 North 2nd street. no29-3t

Compressing and Storage

We are prepared to store and compress Cotton for the public at reasonable rates.

Advances made, if desired.

Hilton Compress & Warehouse Co.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

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Market Street

FRONT STREET STORE FOR RENT. Next to Bijou. Very desirable location. Two floors. Steam heat furnished. Will not be vacant long. W. A. McGirt, Masonic Temple building. no11-tf

BEGINNING TODAY, AND UNTIL further notice, all jitney busses will run until 11:20 P. M., Sunday nights excepted. Auto Transit Co. no15-tf

FOR RENT — LARGE, BRIGHT, WELL furnished room, with modern conveniences. Centrally located. Near Post Office, 216 North Second street. 'Phone 773. no23-tf

RELIABLE CARPENTER CAN RENT modern five-room cottage, at 1403 Castle street; large galvanized shed in rear; ideal place for workshop. See J. Irving Bear; Insurance. no24-7t

JUST RECEIVED 1,000 LBS. OF those native paper shell pecans from Stone Bros., Farm, Brunswick county. Order quick. Tidewater Grocery Co., Phone 468. no 27-3t

BEGINNING TODAY AND UNTIL further notice, all jitney buses will run until 11:20 P. M., Sunday nights excepted. Auto. Transit Co. no15-tf

BEGINNING TODAY AND UNTIL further notice, all jitney buses will run until 11:20 P. M., Sunday nights excepted. Auto. Transit Co. no15-tf

BOYS WANTED — 50 BOYS WANTED to make a canvass in residential part of the city for Saturday Evening Post customers. Sample copies supplied. Apply to J. T. Gordon, 17 Princess street. oc27-tf

DO YOU WANT SOME MORE OF those hot Frankfurters that they s[illegible]d at the Corn Show? They came from us; we always have them on hand, and a full line of many other good eatables, to be had only at May Bros.' 24 North Front street. 'Phone 1322. no23-tf

WANTED — TO BUY, PINE LOGS, delivered by rail or water to Angola Lumber Company's mill. J. N. Bryant. mh23-tf